Report Code: AR_571_311220

Length-Based Assessment of the Fisheries Targeting Snappers, Groupers and Emperors in Indonesia, Fishery Management Area 571

YKAN Technical Paper

Peter J. Mous, Wawan B. IGede, Jos S. Pet

DECEMBER 31, 2020









Suggestion citation

Peter J. Mous, Wawan B. I Gede, and Jos S. Pet (2021). Length-based assessment of the fisheries targeting snappers, groupers, and emperors in Indonesia, Fishery Management Area 571. Yayasan Konservasi Alam Nusantara and People and Nature Consulting, Jakarta Indonesia. Report AR 571 311220

Abstract

This document provides an overview of fleet characteristics and catch composition of the demersal fishery targeting snappers in Indonesia Fishery Management Area 571. It also presents trends in length-based stock health indicators of the top-20 species in this FMA. The report presents overfishing risk levels of the top 50 species, both in terms of current status and trend. Finally, the report presents a table with the contribution of other species to the total catch. The findings are based on YKAN's Crew-Operated Data Recording System, an initiative that involves fishers in data collection using digital imagery.

Yayasan Konservasi Alam Nusantara

Ikat Plaza Building - Blok L Jalan By Pass Ngurah Rai No.505, Pemogan, Denpasar Selatan Kota Denpasar 80221 Bali, Indonesia Ph. +62-361-244524

People and Nature Consulting International

Jalan Tukad Pancoran 15X, Panjer, Denpasar Selatan Kota Denpasar 80225 Bali, Indonesia

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Intr	roduction	3
2	Mat	terials and methods for data collection, analysis and reporting	7
	2.1	Frame Survey	7
	2.2	Vessel Tracking and CODRS	7
	2.3	Data Quality Control	8
	2.4	Length-Frequency Distributions, CpUE, and Total Catch	8
	2.5	I-Fish Community	30
3	Fish	ning grounds and traceability	35
4		gth-based assessments of Top 20 most abundant species in CODRS ples	39
5	Disc	cussion and conclusions	78
6	Refe	erences	85

1 Introduction

This report presents a length-based assessment of multi-species and multi gear demersal fisheries targeting snappers, groupers, emperors and grunts in fisheries management area (WPP) 571, covering the Malacca Strait and southern Andaman Sea, surrounded by Indian, Thai, Malaysian, Singaporean and Indonesian waters and territories. The southern Andaman Sea, in the northern part of WPP 571 lies in between Indian waters to the north and west, and Thai waters and territories to the northeast. The Malacca Strait in the southeast part of WPP 571 has the Indonesian island of Sumatra to the west and Malaysia and Singapore to the east (Figure 1.1).

The fishing grounds in WPP 571 (Figure 1.2) form a continuous habitat with the shelf area of the South China Sea and the Karimata Strait to the South and East and with Thai and Malaysian shelf waters to the North. Some fleet segments from WPP 571 sometimes operate in the adjacent WPPs and trips into foreign waters are not uncommon. Fishing boats in this area often cross International boundaries in the narrow Malacca Strait to the North into foreign waters, which results in pollution of supply lines here with IUU fish.

The majority of fleets and vessels on the fishing grounds in WPP 571 originate from North Sumatra, and they generally fish at depths ranging from 50 meters on the shelf to 150 meters down the deeper slopes in the north. Traps, drop lines and bottom long lines are by far the most important gear types in the fisheries targeting snappers, groupers, emperors and grunts, but deep set bottom gillness are also used.

Many boats in WPP 571 use multiple gear types, even within single trips, in "mixed gear" fisheries. The drop line fishery is an active vertical hook and line fishery operating at depths from 50 to 250 meters, whereas long lines and traps are set horizontally along the bottom at depths usually ranging from 50 to 150 meters only.

The Indonesian deep demersal fisheries catches a large number of species, and stocks of 100 of the most common species are monitored on a continuous basis through a Crew Operated Data Recording System (CODRS). The current report presents the top 50 most abundant species of fish in CODRS samples (Tables 1.1 and 1.2) in WPP 571, and analyses length frequencies of the 50 most important species in the combined deep demersal catches in this fisheries management area. For a complete overview of the species composition with images of all 100 target species, please refer to the ID guide prepared for these fisheries¹.

For further background on species life history characteristics, and data-poor length based assessment methods, as applied in this report, please refer to the assessment guide that was separately prepared for these fisheries².

Data in this report represent complete catches by medium scale vessels from the above described fleets. All fish captured were photographed on measuring boards by fishing crew participating in our Crew Operated Data Recording System or CODRS. Images were analysed by project staff to generate the species specific length frequency distributions of the catches which served as the input for our length based assessment. Fishing grounds were recorded with SPOT tracers placed on contracted vessels.

 $^{^{1}\}mathtt{http://72.14.187.103:8080/ifish/pub/FishID.pdf}$

²http://72.14.187.103:8080/ifish/pub/IFishAssessmentGuide.pdf



Figure 1.1: Fisheries Management Areas ($Wilayah\ Pengelolaan\ Perikanan\ or\ WPP$) in Indonesian marine waters.

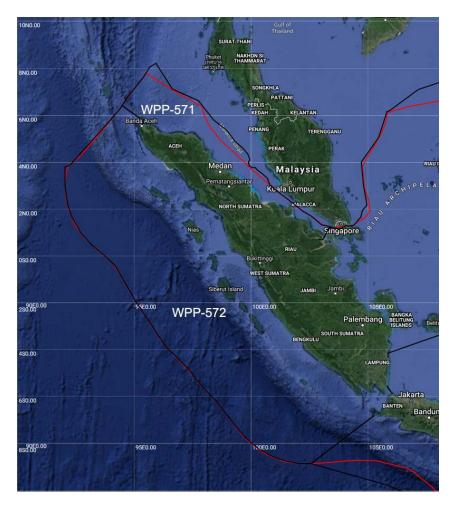


Figure 1.2: Bathymetric map of the WPP 571 including Malacca Strait, in Indonesia. Red lines are EEZ border, black lines are WPP border, blue lines are MPAs.

Table 1.1: Length-weight relationships, trading limits and total sample sizes (including all years) for the 50 most abundant species in CODRS samples from deep water demersal fisheries in 571

			Reported Trade Limit	W =	a L ^b	Length Type for a & b	Converted Trade Limit	Plotted Trade Limit	Sample
Rank	$\#\mathrm{ID}$	Species	Weight (g)	a	b	TL-FL-SL	L(cm)	TL(cm)	Sizes
1	50	Epinephelus coioides	1500	0.011	3.084	TL	46.94	46.94	33554
2	45	Epinephelus areolatus	300	0.011	3.048	FL	28.18	28.77	24241
3	46	Epinephelus bleekeri	300		3.126	TL	28.09	28.09	10954
4	27	Lutjanus vitta	300	0.017	2.978	FL	26.72	27.64	8741
5	7	Pristipomoides multidens	500		2.944	FL	31.18	34.92	6277
6	91	Pomadasys kaakan	300		2.985	TL	26.57	26.57	4665
7	80	Caranx sexfasciatus	2000		2.930	FL	43.43	49.51	1962
8	24	Lutjanus johnii	300		2.907	FL	27.28	28.49	1901
9	25	Lutjanus russelli	300	0.020	2.907	FL	27.28	28.49	1380
10	98	Rachycentron canadum	1000	0.003	3.088	FL	60.67	67.28	1348
11	39	Cephalopholis sonnerati	300	0.015	3.058	TL	25.78	25.78	1193
12	63	Lethrinus lentjan	300		2.986	FL	25.16	26.35	1163
13	17	Lutjanus malabaricus	500	0.009	3.137	FL	33.11	33.11	1126
14	23	Pinjalo pinjalo	300	0.014	2.970	FL	28.42	31.16	979
15	78	Caranx ignobilis	2000	0.027	2.913	FL	46.78	54.36	711
16	15	Lutjanus argentimaculatus	500	0.034	2.792	FL	31.22	31.78	604
17	72	Carangoides coeruleopinnatus	1000		2.902	FL	35.35	40.12	523
18	55	Epinephelus epistictus	1500	0.009	3.126	TL	47.01	47.01	481
19	90	Diagramma pictum	500	0.014	2.988	FL	33.08	36.71	475
20	75	Carangoides chrysophrys	1000	0.027	2.902	FL	37.68	42.12	403
21	8	Pristipomoides typus	500	0.014	2.916	TL	36.16	36.16	383
22	41	Epinephelus latifasciatus	1500	0.010	3.088	TL	48.00	48.00	295
23	95	Sphyraena putnamae	1500	0.008	2.931	FL	64.24	70.92	285
24	97	Ostichthys japonicus	300	0.018	3.020	FL	25.10	26.23	108
25	76	Carangoides gymnostethus	1000	0.046	2.746	FL	37.88	41.55	90
26	53	Epinephelus heniochus	300	0.061	2.624	FL	25.59	25.59	60
27	83	Seriola dumerili	2000		2.847	TL	54.74	54.74	48
28	93	Sphyraena barracuda	1500		3.011	FL	61.48	69.47	47
29	26	Lutjanus lemniscatus	300		2.907	FL	27.28	28.49	44
30	58	Epinephelus amblycephalus	1500	0.012	3.057	TL	45.99	45.99	41
31	33	Paracaesio xanthura	300	0.023	3.000	SL	23.64	27.39	38
32	94	Sphyraena forsteri	500	0.005	3.034	FL	43.51	49.16	37
33	22	Pinjalo lewisi	300	0.014	2.970	FL	28.42	29.64	33
34	37	Cephalopholis miniata	300		2.864	TL	26.35	26.35	30
35	42	Epinephelus radiatus	300	0.061	2.624	FL	25.59	25.59	27
36	49	Epinephelus malabaricus	1500		3.034	TL	46.85	46.85	26
37	65	Lethrinus nebulosus	500		2.996	FL	30.03	32.14	25
38	1	Aphareus rutilans	1000		2.961	FL	42.20	49.61	24
39	10	Pristipomoides sieboldii	300	0.022	2.942	FL	25.52	29.21	24
40	81	Caranx tille	2000	0.032	2.930	FL	43.43	49.51	22
41	18	Lutjanus sebae	500		3.208	FL	29.97	31.26	17
42	82	Elagatis bipinnulata	1000		2.920	FL	46.53	55.37	16
43	9	Pristipomoides filamentosus	500		2.796	FL	29.70	33.27	15
44	79	Caranx lugubris	2000	0.020	3.001	FL	46.51	55.35	13
45	30	Lipocheilus carnolabrum	500		2.488	FL	26.13	28.32	12
46	19	Lutjanus timorensis	500		3.137	FL	33.11	33.34	9
47	66	Lethrinus olivaceus	300		2.851	FL	25.49	27.50	9
48	73	Carangoides fulvoguttatus	1000	0.033	2.808	FL	39.51	43.62	9
49	89	Diagramma labiosum	500		2.988	FL	33.08	36.71	7
50	2	Aprion virescens	1000	0.023	2.886	FL	40.49	45.90	5

Table 1.2: Sample sizes over the period 2016 to 2024 for the 50 most abundant species in CODRS samples of deepwater demersal fisheries in WPP 571

Rank	Species	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
1	Epinephelus coioides	0	0	0	10148	23406	0	0	0	0	33554
2	Epinephelus areolatus	0	0	0	6838	17403	0	0	0	0	24241
3	Epinephelus bleekeri	0	0	0	2748	8206	0	0	0	0	10954
4	Lutjanus vitta	0	0	0	1349	7392	0	0	0	0	8741
5	Pristipomoides multidens	0	0	0	1465	4812	0	0	0	0	6277
6	Pomadasys kaakan	0	0	0	268	4397	0	0	0	0	4665
7	Caranx sexfasciatus	0	0	0	557	1405	0	0	0	0	1962
8	Lutjanus johnii	0	0	0	338	1563	0	0	0	0	1901
9	Lutjanus russelli	0	0	0	223	1157	0	0	0	0	1380
10	Rachycentron canadum	0	0	0	309	1039	0	0	0	0	1348
11	Cephalopholis sonnerati	0	0	0	422	771	0	0	0	0	1193
12	Lethrinus lentjan	0	0	0	200	963	0	0	0	0	1163
13	Lutjanus malabaricus	0	0	0	399	727	0	0	0	0	1126
14	Pinjalo pinjalo	0	0	0	795	184	0	0	0	0	979
15	Caranx ignobilis	0	0	0	188	523	0	0	0	0	711
16	Lutjanus argentimaculatus	0	0	0	142	462	0	0	0	0	604
17	Carangoides coeruleopinnatus	0	0	0	344	179	0	0	0	0	523
18	Epinephelus epistictus	0	0	0	129	352	0	0	0	0	481
19	Diagramma pictum	0	0	0	83	392	0	0	0	0	475
20	Carangoides chrysophrys	0	0	0	107	296	0	0	0	0	403
21	Pristipomoides typus	0	0	0	105	278	0	0	0	0	383
22	Epinephelus latifasciatus	0	0	0	136	159	0	0	0	0	295
23	Sphyraena putnamae	0	0	0	83	202	0	0	0	0	285
24	Ostichthys japonicus	0	0	0	49	59	0	0	0	0	108
25	Carangoides gymnostethus	0	0	0	64	26	0	0	0	0	90
26	Epinephelus heniochus	0	0	0	18	42	0	0	0	0	60
27	Seriola dumerili	0	0	0	7	41	0	0	0	0	48
28	Sphyraena barracuda	0	0	0	7	40	0	0	0	0	47
29	Lutjanus lemniscatus	0	0	0	14	30	0	0	0	0	44
30	Epinephelus amblycephalus	0	0	0	8	33	0	0	0	0	41
31	Paracaesio xanthura	0	0	0	1	37	0	0	0	0	38
32	Sphyraena forsteri	0	0	0	19	18	0	0	0	0	37
33	Pinjalo lewisi	0	0	0	13	20	0	0	0	0	33
34	Cephalopholis miniata	0	0	0	4	26	0	0	0	0	30
35	Epinephelus radiatus	0	0	0	4	23	0	0	0	0	27
36	Epinephelus malabaricus	0	0	0	11	15	0	0	0	0	26
37	Lethrinus nebulosus	0	0	0	10	15	0	0	0	0	25
38	Aphareus rutilans	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	24
39	Pristipomoides sieboldii	0	0	0	3	21	0	0	0	0	24
40	Caranx tille	0	0	0	9	13	0	0	0	0	22
41	Lutjanus sebae	0	0	0	8	9	0	0	0	0	17
42	Elagatis bipinnulata	0	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	0	16
43	Pristipomoides filamentosus	0	0	0	3	12	0	0	0	0	15
44	Caranx lugubris	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	13
45	Lipocheilus carnolabrum	0	0	0	4	8	0	0	0	0	12
46	Lutjanus timorensis	0	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	9
47	Lethrinus olivaceus	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	9
48	Carangoides fulvoguttatus	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	0	0	9
49	Diagramma labiosum	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	7
50	Aprion virescens	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	5

2 Materials and methods for data collection, analysis and reporting

2.1 Frame Survey

A country-wide frame survey was implemented to obtain complete and detailed information on the deep demersal fishing fleet in Indonesia, using a combination of satellite image analysis and ground truthing visits to all locations where either satellite imagery or other forms of information indicated deep demersal fisheries activity. During the frame survey, data were collected on boat size, gear type, port of registration, licenses for specific FMAs, captain contacts and other details, for all fishing boats in the fleet. Following practices by fisheries managers in Indonesia, we distinguished 4 boat size categories including "nano" (<5 GT), "small" (5-< 10 GT), "medium" (10-30 GT), and "large" (>30 GT). We also distinguished 4 gear types used in these fisheries, including vertical drop lines, bottom set long lines, deep water gillnets and traps.

Frame survey data are continuously updated to keep records of the complete and currently active fishing fleet in the deep demersal fisheries. Fleet information is summarized by registration port and home district (Table 2.13), while actual fishing grounds are determined by placing SPOT Trace units on all fishing boats participating in the program. By late 2020, most (over 90%) of the Indonesian coastline had been surveyed and the vast majority of the fleet was on record. The total fleet in each WPP is a dynamic number, as boats are leaving and being added to the local fleet all the time, and therefore the fleet survey data are updated continuously.

2.2 Vessel Tracking and CODRS

Vessel movement and fishing activity as recorded with SPOT data generates the information on fleet dynamics. When in motion, SPOT Trace units automatically report an hourly location of each fishing boat in the program, and when at rest for more than 24 hours, they relay daily status reports. Data on species and size distributions of catches, as needed for accurate length based stock assessments, are collected via Crew Operated Data Recording Systems or CODRS. This catch data is georeferenced as the CODRS works in tandem with the SPOT Trace vessel tracking system. Captains were recruited for the CODRS program from across the full range of boat size and gear type categories.

The CODRS approach involves fishers taking photographs of the fish in the catch, displayed on measuring boards, while the SPOT tracking system records the positions. Data recording for each CODRS fishing trip begins when the boat leaves port with the GPS recording the vessel tracks while it is steaming out. After reaching the fishing grounds, fishing will start, changing the track of recorded positions into a pattern that shows fishing instead of steaming. During the fishing activity, fish is collected on the deck or in chiller boxes on deck. The captain or crew will then take pictures of the fish, positioned over measuring boards (Figure 2.1), before moving the fish from the deck or from the chiller to the hold (to be stored on ice) or to the freezer. The process is slightly different on some of the "nano" boats (around 1 GT), where some crew take pictures upon landing instead of at sea. In these situations, the timestamps of the photographs are still used as an indication of the fishing day, even though most fishing may have happened on the day before.

At the end of the trip, the storage chip from the camera is handed over for processing of the images by expert staff. Processing includes ID of the species and measurement of the length of the fish (Figure 2.2), double checking by a second expert, and data storage in the IFish data base. Sets of images from fishing trips with unacceptable low quality photographs are not further processed and not included in the dataset. Body weight at length is calculated for all species using length-weight relationships to enable estimation of total catch weights as well as catch weights per species for individual fishing trips by CODRS vessels. Weight converted catch length frequencies of individual catches is verified against sales records of landings. These sales receipts or ledgers represent a fairly reliable estimate of the total weight of an individual catch (from a single trip, and including all species) that is independent from CODRS data.

2.3 Data Quality Control

With information from sales records we verify that individual catches are fully represented by CODRS images and we flag catches when they are incomplete, judging from comparison with the weight converted catch size frequencies. When estimated weights from CODRS are above 90% of landed weights from receipts, they are considered complete and accepted for use in length-based analysis and calculations of CpUE. CpUE is calculated on a day by day basis, in kg/GT/day, using only those days from the trip when images were actually collected. Medium size and larger vessels (10 GT and larger) do trips of at least a week up to over a month. There may be some days on which weather or other conditions are such that no images are collected, but sufficient days with images, within those trips usually remain for daily CpUE estimates and to supply samples for length-based analysis. For boats of 10 GT and above, incomplete data sets with 30% to 90% coverage are still used for analysis, using only those days on which images were collected. For boats below 10 GT (doing day trips or trips of just a few days) only complete data sets are used for CpUE calculations. All data sets on catches with less than 30% coverage are rejected and are not used in any analysis.

2.4 Length-Frequency Distributions, CpUE, and Total Catch

By the end of 2020, more than 400 boats participated in the CODRS program (Figure 2.3) across all fishing grounds in Indonesia, with close to 40 boats enrolled in each WPP (Table 2.1). Recruitment of captains from the overall fleet into the CODRS program is not exactly proportional to composition of the fleet in terms of vessel size, gear type and the FMA where the boat normally operates. Actual fleet composition by boat size and gear type, and activity in terms of numbers of active fishing days per year for each category, are therefore used when CODRS data are used for CpUE and catch calculations. Species composition in the catch is also not exactly the same as species composition in the CODRS samples. Catch information by WPP and by fleet segment from CODRS samples is combined with fleet composition and activity information to obtain accurate annual catch information and species composition for each segment of the fleet.

Converted weights from catch size frequencies on individual fishing days, in combination with activity data from onboard trackers are used to estimate catch per unit of effort (CpUE) by fleet segment (boat size * gear type), by FMA, by species, and over time. Plotted data show clear differences between CpUE values for different gear types and different boat size categories (Figure 2.4) and we therefore work with separated gear

types and boat size categories to generate CpUE values for each distinct segment of the fleet (Table 2.2 and Table 2.3). Activity data from onboard trackers on more than 400 fishing boats are used to estimate the number of active fishing days per year for each segment of the fleet (Table 2.4) and the total (hull) Gross Tonnage in each fleet segment is combined with fleet activity to establish a measure of effort. With this information, CpUE is precisely defined in kg per GT per active fishing day for each type of gear and each category of boat size in each FMA. Annual averages of CpUE by fleet segment are plotted for the top 7 species in each FMA (Figures 2.5 through 2.11), as indicators for stock health, and to compare with indicators from length-based analysis (i.e. Spawning Potential Ratio and percentage of immature fish in the catch).

Information on fleet activity, fleet size by gear type and boat size, and average size frequencies by species (per unit of effort) is used to estimate total catch. Fishing effort in terms of the average number of active fishing days per year for each gear type and boat size category (Table 2.4), is derived from SPOT data looking at movement patterns. Fleet size by gear type and boat size category (Table 2.5) is obtained from field surveys, where each vessel is recorded in a data base with estimated GT. Average size frequency distributions by fleet segment and species for each FMA, in combination with the information on effort by fleet segment, are thus used to estimate CATCH LFD (over the entire fleet) from average CODRS LFD by fleet segment. Only annual sample sizes larger than 200 fish per species and 50 fish per fleet segment are used for further calculations. Numbers per size class for each species in the catch are multiplied with weights per size class from lengthweight relationships, to calculate catches by fleet segment (Table 2.7), species distribution in the total catch (Table 2.8), and catch by species for each gear type separately (Tables 2.9 through 2.12).

As the CODRS program is still in final stage of development, some parts for the fleet ("fleet segments", a combination of WPP, gear type, and boat size category) are not yet represented. For those missing fleet segments, we apply the following approach to estimate annual catch. First, within each WPP, we estimate the total catch and the total effort for all fleet segments where we have representation by CODRS. We express annual effort as "tonnage-days", i.e. the GT of each vessel times the annual number of fishing days. Then, we calculate the average catch-per-unit-effort, over all fleet segments that have CODRS representation within each WPP (in metric tons per tonnage-day). This results in one catch-per-unit-effort estimate for each WPP (CPUE-estimate-per-WPP). Then, we calculate the effort, in tonnage-days, for the fleet segments where we do not have CODRS representation, and we multiply this effort with CPUE-estimate-per-WPP to get the estimated total annual catch for that fleet segment. This means that, within each WPP, fleet segments that do not have CODRS representation all have the same CPUE estimate-per-WPP, but their total catch estimates vary because effort between those fleet segments vary.

Trends in CpUE by species and by fleet segment (Figures 2.5 through 2.11) can be used as indicator for year-on-year changes in status of the stocks, for as far as time series are available within each fleet segment. Note, however, that these time series sometimes are incomplete or interrupted. This is due to variations in the presence of fleet segments between years in each WPP, and sometimes the CODRS vessels representing a fleet segment may disappear from one WPP and show up in another WPP. This may happen due to problems with processing permits at local authorities, but also due to the emerging differences in efficiencies between gear types and boat size categories, as well as due to perceptions on opportunities in other WPPs.



Figure 2.1: Fishing crew preparing fish on a measuring board.



Figure 2.2: Fish photographed by fishing crew on board as part of CODRS.

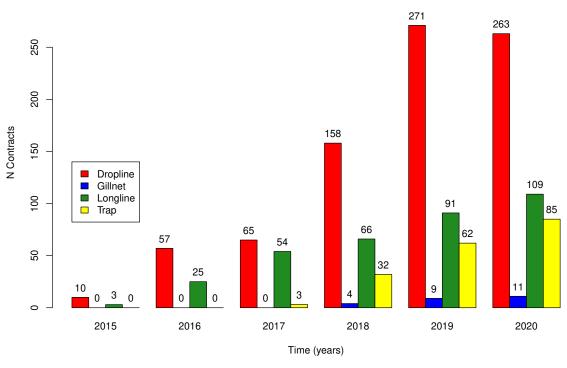


Figure 2.3: Number of CODRS contractors by gear type actively fishing in Indonesian waters.

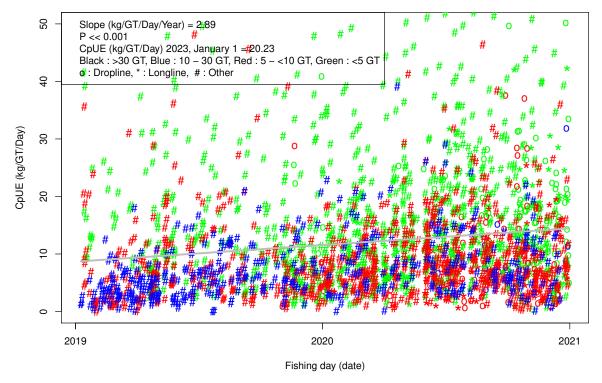


Figure 2.4: Catch per Unit of Effort in WPP 571.

Table 2.1: Number of CODRS deployed by gear type and boat size category in WPP 571

N	Dropline	Longline	Gillnet	Trap	Total
Nano	2	2	NA	8	12
Small	3	2	NA	11	16
Medium	NA	NA	NA	3	3
Large	NA	NA	NA	NA	0
NA	5	4	0	22	31

Nano less than 5 GT. Small 5 - <10 GT. Medium 10 - 30 GT. Large >30 GT.

Table 2.2: CpUE by fishing gear and boat size category in WPP 571 in 2020

kg/GT/Day	Dropline	Longline	Gillnet	Trap
Nano	19.86	13.56	NA	18.63
Small	9.39	9.44	NA	9.52
Medium	NA	13.38	NA	8.98
Large	NA	NA	NA	NA

Nano less than 5 GT. Small 5 - <10 GT. Medium 10 - 30 GT. Large >30 GT.

Table 2.3: Number of CODRS observations that contribute to CpUE value in WPP 571 in 2020

	N	Dropline	Longline	Gillnet	Trap
	Nano	106	149	NA	359
	Small	86	58	NA	401
Ν	Iedium	19	1515	NA	128
	Large	NA	NA	NA	NA

Nano less than 5 GT. Small 5 - <10 GT. Medium 10 - 30 GT. Large >30 GT.

Table 2.4: Average active-fishing days per year by fishing gear and boat size category in all WPP

Days / Year	Dropline	Longline	Gillnet	Trap
Nano Dedicated	201	235	224	194
Nano Seasonal	100	118	112	97
Small Dedicated	213	258	247	277
Small Seasonal	107	129	124	139
Medium Dedicated	204	213	258	219
Medium Seasonal	102	107	129	110
Large Dedicated	166	237	151	185
Large Seasonal	83	119	75	92

Nano less than 5 GT. Small 5 - <10 GT. Medium 10 - 30 GT. Large >30 GT.

Table 2.5: Current number of boats in the fleet by fishing gear and boat size category in WPP 571

Number of Boat	Dropline	Longline	Gillnet	Trap	Total
Nano Dedicated	5	20	0	83	108
Nano Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Small Dedicated	3	12	0	23	38
Small Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Medium Dedicated	0	1	0	4	5
Medium Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Large Dedicated	0	0	0	0	0
Large Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Total	8	33	0	110	151

Nano less than 5 GT. Small 5 - <10 GT. Medium 10 - 30 GT. Large >30 GT.

Table 2.6: Current total gross ton nage of all boats in the fleet by fishing gear and boat size category in WPP $571\,$

Total GT	Dropline	Longline	Gillnet	Trap	Total
Nano Dedicated	12	63	0	289	364
Nano Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Small Dedicated	26	100	0	135	260
Small Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Medium Dedicated	0	13	0	47	60
Medium Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Large Dedicated	0	0	0	0	0
Large Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	176	0	470	684

Table 2.7: Total catch in metric tons per year by fishing gear and boat size category in WPP 571 in 2020

Total Catch	Dropline	Longline	Gillnet	Trap	Total
Nano Dedicated	49	200	0	1044	1293
Nano Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Small Dedicated	51	243	0	356	650
Small Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Medium Dedicated	0	37	0	92	129
Medium Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Large Dedicated	0	0	0	0	0
Large Seasonal	0	0	0	0	0
Total	100	481	0	1492	2073

Nano less than 5 GT. Small 5 - <10 GT. Medium 10 - 30 GT. Large >30 GT.

Table 2.8: Top 20 species by volume in deepwater demersal fisheries with % immature fish in the catch in WPP 571 in 2020.

Species	Weight	Weight	Cumulative	Immature	Immature	Risk
Species	MT	weight %	% Weight	% Number	% Weight	Immature
Esimonhalan asisidan				22	9	Med
Epinephelus coioides	1195	58	58 67			
Pristipomoides multidens	204	10	67	28	11	Med
Epinephelus bleekeri	141	7	74	13	4	Med
Pomadasys kaakan	117	6	80	1	0	Low
Epinephelus areolatus	100	5	85	2	0	Low
Caranx sexfasciatus	55	3	87	3	1	Low
Lutjanus vitta	48	2	90	6	2	Low
Lutjanus johnii	34	2	91	28	14	Med
Rachycentron canadum	31	2	93	22	10	Med
Lutjanus malabaricus	26	1	94	41	17	High
Lethrinus lentjan	21	1	95	0	0	Low
Caranx ignobilis	20	1	96	NA	NA	
Diagramma pictum	14	1	97	9	2	Low
Cephalopholis sonnerati	12	1	97	0	0	Low
Epinephelus epistictus	11	1	98	3	0	Low
Lutjanus russelli	10	0	98	15	7	Med
Lutjanus argentimaculatus	9	0	99	39	23	High
Epinephelus latifasciatus	7	0	99	NA	NA	
Pristipomoides typus	4	0	99	13	4	Med
Sphyraena barracuda	2	0	99	NA	NA	
Total Top 20 Species	2061	99	99	13	7	Medium
Total Top 100 Species	2073	100	100	13	7	Medium

Table 2.9: Top 20 species by volume in Dropline fisheries with % immature fish in the catch in WPP 571 in 2020.

Species	Weight	Weight	Cumulative	Immature	Immature	Risk
	MT	%	% Weight	% Number	% Weight	Immature
Pristipomoides multidens	29	29	29	19	7	Med
Epinephelus coioides	26	27	56	18	6	Med
Caranx sexfasciatus	14	14	70	6	1	Low
Epinephelus bleekeri	10	10	80	11	3	Med
Epinephelus areolatus	3	3	83	2	0	Low
Lutjanus johnii	3	3	86	35	20	High
Caranx ignobilis	2	2	88	NA	NA	
Epinephelus epistictus	1	1	90	1	0	Low
Lutjanus argentimaculatus	1	1	91	NA	NA	
Rachycentron canadum	1	1	92	49	22	High
Lutjanus malabaricus	1	1	93	NA	NA	
Pristipomoides typus	1	1	94	13	4	Med
Carangoides coeruleopinnatus	1	1	95	8	4	Low
Seriola dumerili	1	1	96	NA	NA	
Epinephelus latifasciatus	1	1	96	NA	NA	
Lethrinus lentjan	1	1	97	NA	NA	
Cephalopholis sonnerati	0	0	97	NA	NA	
Aphareus rutilans	0	0	98	NA	NA	
Carangoides chrysophrys	0	0	98	NA	NA	
Paracaesio xanthura	0	0	98	NA	NA	
Total Top 20 Species	98	98	98	14	6	Medium
Total Top 100 Species	100	100	100	14	6	Medium

Table 2.10: Top 20 species by volume in Longline fisheries with % immature fish in the catch in WPP 571 in 2020.

Species	Weight	Weight	Cumulative	Immature	Immature	Risk
	MT	%	% Weight	% Number	% Weight	Immature
Epinephelus coioides	122	25	25	24	9	Med
Pomadasys kaakan	117	24	50	1	0	Low
Lutjanus vitta	46	10	59	5	2	Low
Epinephelus areolatus	34	7	66	1	0	Low
Rachycentron canadum	28	6	72	20	9	Med
Caranx sexfasciatus	26	5	77	0	0	Low
Lutjanus johnii	22	5	82	28	14	Med
Lethrinus lentjan	18	4	86	0	0	Low
Pristipomoides multidens	17	4	89	68	42	High
Caranx ignobilis	15	3	92	NA	NA	
Diagramma pictum	12	2	95	2	0	Low
Lutjanus russelli	8	2	97	10	4	Low
Epinephelus bleekeri	4	1	97	NA	NA	
Lutjanus argentimaculatus	4	1	98	NA	NA	
Sphyraena barracuda	2	0	98	NA	NA	
Pristipomoides typus	1	0	99	NA	NA	
Cephalopholis sonnerati	1	0	99	NA	NA	
Lutjanus malabaricus	1	0	99	NA	NA	
Carangoides chrysophrys	1	0	99	NA	NA	
Carangoides gymnostethus	1	0	100	NA	NA	
Total Top 20 Species	479	100	100	7	5	Low
Total Top 100 Species	481	100	100	7	5	Low

Table 2.11: Top 20 species by volume in Gillnet fisheries with % immature fish in the catch in WPP 571 in 2020.

Species	Weight	Weight	Cumulative	Immature	Immature	Risk
_	$\overline{\mathrm{MT}}$	%	% Weight	% Number	% Weight	Immature
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Top 20 Species	0	0	0	NA	NA	NA
Total Top 100 Species	0	0	0	NA	NA	NA

Table 2.12: Top 20 species by volume in Trap fisheries with % immature fish in the catch in WPP 571 in 2020.

Species	Weight	Weight	Cumulative	Immature	Immature	Risk
	$\overline{\mathrm{MT}}$	%	% Weight	% Number	% Weight	Immature
Epinephelus coioides	1047	70	70	22	9	Med
Pristipomoides multidens	157	11	81	24	9	Med
Epinephelus bleekeri	128	9	89	13	4	Med
Epinephelus areolatus	63	4	93	2	1	Low
Lutjanus malabaricus	24	2	95	41	17	High
Caranx sexfasciatus	15	1	96	8	2	Low
Cephalopholis sonnerati	10	1	97	0	0	Low
Epinephelus epistictus	10	1	97	3	0	Low
Lutjanus johnii	9	1	98	26	13	Med
Epinephelus latifasciatus	6	0	98	NA	NA	
Lutjanus argentimaculatus	5	0	99	39	23	High
Caranx ignobilis	3	0	99	NA	NA	
Rachycentron canadum	2	0	99	39	19	High
Pristipomoides typus	2	0	99	NA	NA	
Lethrinus lentjan	2	0	99	0	0	Low
Lutjanus russelli	2	0	99	36	22	High
Diagramma pictum	2	0	100	47	22	High
Lutjanus vitta	1	0	100	26	13	Med
Sphyraena putnamae	1	0	100	NA	NA	
Epinephelus amblycephalus	1	0	100	NA	NA	
Total Top 20 Species	1489	100	100	17	8	Medium
Total Top 100 Species	1492	100	100	17	8	Medium

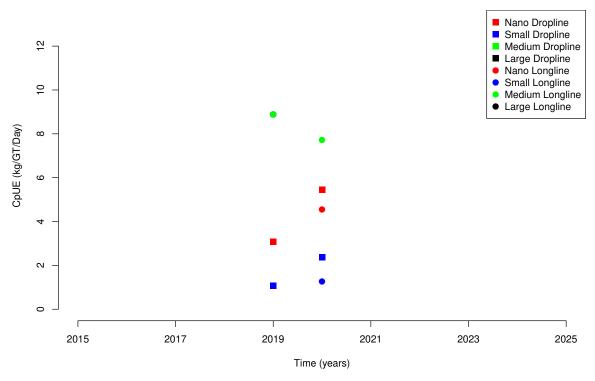


Figure 2.5: Catch per Unit of Effort per calendar year for Epinephelus coioides in WPP 571 for Dropline and Longline catches by fleet segment. Solid lines and dashed lines for trends in Dropline CpUE and Longline CpUE respectively.

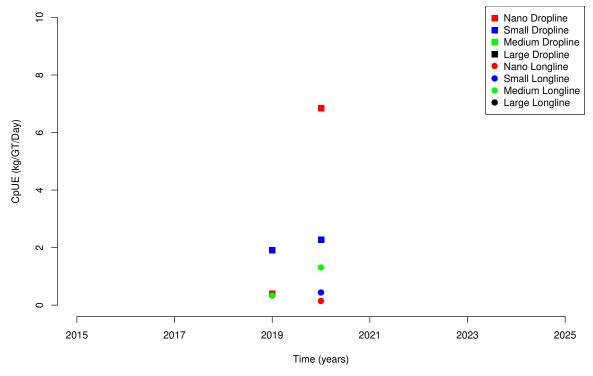


Figure 2.6: Catch per Unit of Effort per calendar year for Pristipomoides multidens in WPP 571 for Dropline and Longline catches by fleet segment. Solid lines and dashed lines for trends in Dropline CpUE and Longline CpUE respectively.

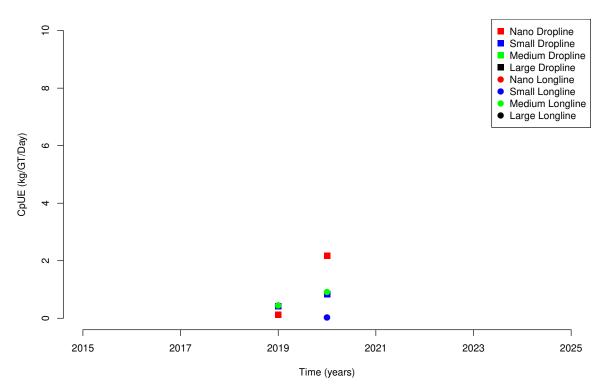


Figure 2.7: Catch per Unit of Effort per calendar year for Epinephelus bleekeri in WPP 571 for Dropline and Longline catches by fleet segment. Solid lines and dashed lines for trends in Dropline CpUE and Longline CpUE respectively.

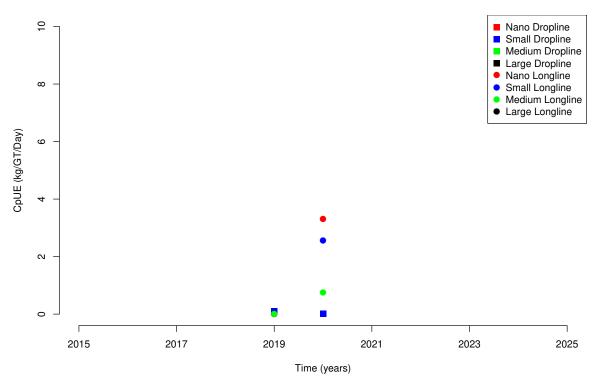


Figure 2.8: Catch per Unit of Effort per calendar year for Pomadasys kaakan in WPP 571 for Dropline and Longline catches by fleet segment. Solid lines and dashed lines for trends in Dropline CpUE and Longline CpUE respectively.

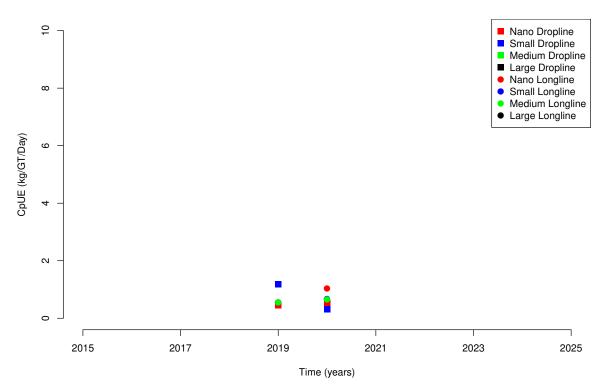


Figure 2.9: Catch per Unit of Effort per calendar year for Epinephelus areolatus in WPP 571 for Dropline and Longline catches by fleet segment. Solid lines and dashed lines for trends in Dropline CpUE and Longline CpUE respectively.

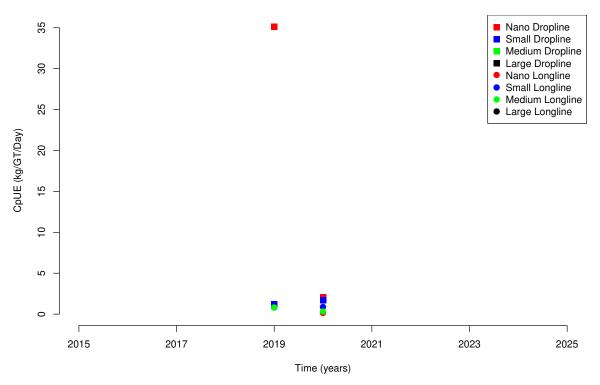


Figure 2.10: Catch per Unit of Effort per calendar year for Caranx sexfasciatus in WPP 571 for Dropline and Longline catches by fleet segment. Solid lines and dashed lines for trends in Dropline CpUE and Longline CpUE respectively.

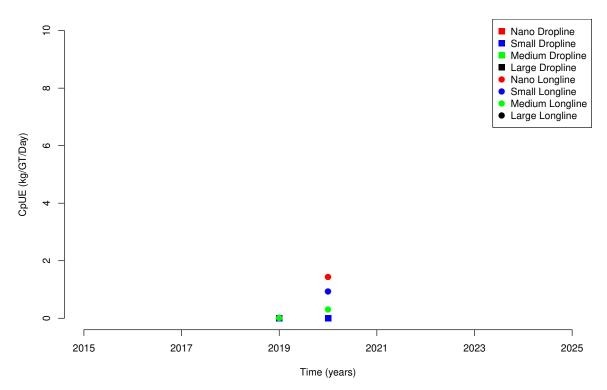


Figure 2.11: Catch per Unit of Effort per calendar year for Lutjanus vitta in WPP 571 for Dropline and Longline catches by fleet segment. Solid lines and dashed lines for trends in Dropline CpUE and Longline CpUE respectively.

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size	Gear	N	Total G7
1	571	Desa Sungai Kuruk III	Aceh Tamiang	Nano	Trap	2	6
	571	Desa Sungai Kuruk III	Aceh Tamiang	Small	Trap	6	34
}	571	PP. Kuala Cangkoi	Aceh Utara	Nano	Dropline	1	2
Ł	571	PP. Kuala Cangkoi	Aceh Utara	Nano	Trap	5	10
	571	Desa Belawan Lama	Kota Medan	Small	Trap	10	50
5	571	Desa Beurawang	Kota Sabang	Nano	Dropline	1	4
7	571	PP. Pasiran	Kota Sabang	Nano	Dropline	2	3
	571	PP. Pasiran	Kota Sabang	Small	Dropline	1	8
)	571	Desa Sei Bilah	Langkat	Medium	Trap	2	22
.0	571	Desa Sei Bilah	Langkat	Nano	Dropline	1	4
.1	571	Desa Sei Bilah	Langkat	Small	Dropline	2	18
2	571	Desa Sei Bilah	Langkat	Small	Trap	2	16
3	571	Desa Ujung Kampung	Langkat	Medium	Trap	1	12
.4	571	Desa Ujung Kampung	Langkat	Nano	Trap	6	27
.5	571	Desa Ujung Kampung	Langkat	Small	Trap	3	20
6	571	Pangkalan Susu	Langkat	Nano	Trap	38	114
7	571	Pelabuhan Ujung Kampung	Langkat	Medium	Trap	1	13
.8	571	PPI. Pangkalan Brandan	Langkat	Nano	Trap	32	131
9	571	PPI. Pangkalan Brandan	Langkat	Small	Trap	2	14
0	571	PP. Ujung Blang	Lhokseumawe	Nano	Longline	7	11
1	571	Desa Sialang Buah	Serdang Bedagai	Medium	Longline	1	13
2	571	Desa Sialang Buah	Serdang Bedagai	Nano	Longline	2	7
3	571	Desa Sialang Buah	Serdang Bedagai	Small	Longline	3	22
24	571	Sialang Buah	Serdang Bedagai	Nano	Longline	11	44
5	571	Sialang Buah	Serdang Bedagai	Small	Longline	4	30
26	571	Teluk Mengkudu	Serdang Bedagai	Small	Longline	5	48
7	572	Kuala Bubon	Aceh Barat	Medium	Trap	2	21
8	572	Kuala Bubon	Aceh Barat	Small	Trap	2	14
9	572	PP. Ujoeng Baroh	Aceh Barat	Nano	Longline	1	4
0	572	PP. Ujoeng Baroh	Aceh Barat	Small	Dropline	1	6
1	572	PP. Ujoeng Baroh	Aceh Barat	Small	Longline	1	5
2	572	PP. Ujong Baroeh	Aceh Barat	Nano	Dropline	8	28
3	572	PP. Ujong Baroeh	Aceh Barat	Nano	Longline	3	12
34	572	PP. Ujong Baroeh	Aceh Barat	Small	Dropline	14	84
85	572	PP. Ujong Baroeh	Aceh Barat	Small	Longline	3	21
86	572	PP. Ujong Baroeh	Aceh Barat	Small	Trap	2	10
7	572	Susoh	Aceh Barat Daya	Medium	Dropline	1	11
8	572	Susoh	Aceh Barat Daya	Small	Dropline	2	12
9	572	Desa Lampuyang	Aceh Besar	Nano	Dropline	15	22
0	572	PP. Lhok Bengkuang	Aceh Selatan	Nano	Dropline	5	6
1	572	PP. Lhok Bengkuang	Aceh Selatan	Nano	Longline	8	26
2	572	PP. Lhok Bengkuang	Aceh Selatan	Small	Dropline	2	12
.3	572	PP. Lhok Bengkuang	Aceh Selatan	Small	Longline	27	165
4	572	PP. Meukek	Aceh Selatan	Nano	Longline	1	3
5	572	Desa Pulau Balai	Aceh Singkil	Medium	Gillnet	1	10
6	572	Desa Pulau Balai	Aceh Singkil	Nano	Trap	6	29
17	572	PP. Lampulo	Banda Aceh	Nano	Dropline	1	4
18	572	PP. Lampulo	Banda Aceh	Nano	Longline	2	6
9	572	PP. Lampulo	Banda Aceh	Small	Dropline	8	49
0	572	PP. Lampulo	Banda Aceh	Small	Longline	1	6
1	572	PPS Lampulo	Banda Aceh	Small	Dropline	9	63
2	572	PP. Sikakap	Kepulauan Mentawai	Nano	Dropline	1	3
3	572	PP. Tuapejat	Kepulauan Mentawai	Medium	Dropline	2	$\frac{3}{24}$
	572	PP. Tuapejat	Kepulauan Mentawai	Small	Dropline	$\frac{2}{2}$	18
4	572 572	PP. Tuapejat PP. Pulau Baai			_		31
5 6			Kota Bengkulu	Large	Trap	1	
6	572	PP. Pulau Baai	Kota Bengkulu	Medium	Dropline	8	107
7	572	PP. Pulau Baai	Kota Bengkulu	Medium	Gillnet	7	153
18	572	rr. Pulau Baai	nota Bengkulu	Nano	Dropline	4	16
58	572	PP. Pulau Baai	Kota Bengkulu	Nano	Dropline	4	

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

572 PP. Pulau Baai Kota Bengkulu Small Dropline 12 70	Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size	Gear	N	Total GT
61 572 Desa Taluak Kota Pariaman Nano Longline 10 16 3 63 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Medium Trap 6 87 64 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Nano Dropline 4 14 65 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 18 67 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 18 68 572 PP. Bibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 18 68 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Small Longline 1 5 70 572 DP. Maara Piluk Bakauheni Mukomko Small Dropline 2 100 70 572 Desa Belara Nias Utara Nano Dropline 2 10 10 72 Desa Helera Nias Utara Nano Longline </td <td>59</td> <td>572</td> <td>PP. Pulau Baai</td> <td>Kota Bengkulu</td> <td>Small</td> <td>Dropline</td> <td>12</td> <td>70</td>	59	572	PP. Pulau Baai	Kota Bengkulu	Small	Dropline	12	70
62 572 Desa Kenuendsi Kota Sibolga Nano Dropline 2 3 64 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Nano Dropline 4 14 65 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Nano Trap 2 47 66 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Trap 9 55 67 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Kota Sibolga Small Trap 9 55 69 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Nano Longline 1 5 70 572 PP. Pasar Bantal Mukomuko Small Longline 1 5 71 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 73 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2	60	572	PP. Pulau Baai	Kota Bengkulu	Small	Gillnet	1	6
63 572 PP. Sibologa Kota Sibologa Mano Dropline 4 14 65 572 PP. Sibologa Kota Sibologa Nano Trap 12 47 66 572 PP. Sibologa Kota Sibologa Small Dropline 3 18 67 572 PP. Sibologa Kota Sibologa Small Dropline 3 18 68 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Nano Longline 1 5 70 572 PP. Marara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Small Longline 1 5 70 572 PP. Marara Piluk Bakauheni Mukomuko Small Dropline 2 11 1 70 572 Dea Belera Nias Utara Nano Longline 2 11 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 1 1 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Small <td< td=""><td>61</td><td>572</td><td>Desa Taluak</td><td>Kota Pariaman</td><td>Nano</td><td>Longline</td><td>10</td><td>16</td></td<>	61	572	Desa Taluak	Kota Pariaman	Nano	Longline	10	16
64 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Nano Dropline 4 14 46 65 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 18 66 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 18 67 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Nano Longline 1 5 69 572 PP. Pasar Batal Mukomuko Small Dropline 0 10 70 572 PP. Pasar Batal Mukomuko Small Dropline 5 18 8 70 572 Desa Betolakha Nias Stara Nano Dropline 5 18 9 10 0 10 0 10 0 10	62	572	Desa Keuneukai	Kota Sabang	Nano	Dropline	2	3
65 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Nano Trap 12 47 66 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 18 67 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 15 68 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Nano Longine 1 5 69 572 PP. Pasar Bantal Mukomuko Small Longine 1 5 71 572 Kec. Teluk Dalam Nias Utara Nano Longine 2 18 72 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Dropline 25 197 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 1 11 75 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 1	63	572	PP. Sibolga	Kota Sibolga	Medium	Trap	6	87
66 572 PP. Sibolga Kota Sibolga Small Dropline 3 18 68 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Nano Longline 1 4 69 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Small Dropline 1 5 70 572 PP. Pasar Bantal Mukomuko Small Dropline 5 18 70 572 Desa Batolakha Nias Selatan Nano Dropline 5 18 72 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 73 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 De Bundang Padang Medium Longline 4 21 76 572 P.P. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 4	64	572	PP. Sibolga	Kota Sibolga	Nano	Dropline	4	14
67 572 PP. Sholga Kota Sibolga Small Trap 9 55 68 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Small Longline 1 5 70 572 PP. Pasar Bantal Mukomuko Small Droppine 20 100 71 572 Kec. Teluk Dalam Nias Stara Small Droppine 5 18 72 572 Desa Betolakha Nias Utara Small Droppine 25 197 73 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 1 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 1 1 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Medium Longline 1 1 1 76 572 Muara Padang Padang Medium Longline 5 2 1 1 5 752 P.P. Muaro Padang	65	572	PP. Sibolga	Kota Sibolga	Nano	Trap	12	47
68 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Nano Longline 1 4 69 572 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Small Dropline 20 100 70 572 PP. Pasar Bantal Mukomuko Small Dropline 5 18 72 572 Desa Hotolakha Nias Utara Small Dropline 25 197 73 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 1 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 1 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Medium Longline 4 21 76 572 DP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 4 52 79 572 DP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 61 </td <td>66</td> <td>572</td> <td>PP. Sibolga</td> <td>Kota Sibolga</td> <td>Small</td> <td>Dropline</td> <td>3</td> <td>18</td>	66	572	PP. Sibolga	Kota Sibolga	Small	Dropline	3	18
69 5722 PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni Lampung Small Longline 1 5 70 572 PP. Pasar Bantal Mukomuko Small Dropline 20 100 71 572 Kec. Teluk Dalam Nias Utara Small Dropline 25 197 73 572 Desa Belera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Medium Longline 1 11 76 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Longline 4 21 77 572 P.P. Buaro Padang Medium Longline 4 52 79 572 P.P. Muaro Padang Small Longline 4 52 81 572 P.P. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5	67	572	PP. Sibolga	Kota Sibolga	Small	Trap	9	55
70 5722 PP. Pasar Bantal Mukomuko Small Dropline 20 100 71 572 Cec. Teluk Dalam Nias Selatan Nano Dropline 5 18 72 572 Desa Botolakha Nias Utara Small Dropline 13 21 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 1 11 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Medium Longline 1 1 76 572 PR. Bungus Padang Small Longline 4 21 77 572 PP. Bungus Padang Small Longline 4 21 78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 1 7	68	572	PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni	Lampung	Nano	Longline	16	43
Ti 572 Rec. Teluk Dalam Nias Selatan Nano Dropline 5 18 197 25 197 3 572 Desa Botolakha Nias Utara Nano Longline 13 21 174 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 11 16 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 11 16 572 Muara Padang Padang Medium Longline 1 11 16 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Dropline 4 21 21 27 27 27 27 27 28 28 28	69	572	PP. Muara Piluk Bakauheni	Lampung	Small	Longline	1	5
72 572 Desa Botolakha Nias Utara Small Dropline 25 197 73 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Longline 4 21 76 572 PP. Bungus Padang Small Longline 4 52 78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Dropline 4 52 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 5 61 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 5 41 82 572 PP. Labuan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 5 41 82 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 <td>70</td> <td>572</td> <td>PP. Pasar Bantal</td> <td>Mukomuko</td> <td>Small</td> <td>Dropline</td> <td>20</td> <td>100</td>	70	572	PP. Pasar Bantal	Mukomuko	Small	Dropline	20	100
73 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Nano Longline 1 2 11 74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Longline 1 11 76 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Longline 1 8 78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Dropline 4 52 79 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Catocock Tarusan Pacisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40	71	572	Kec. Teluk Dalam	Nias Selatan	Nano	Dropline	5	18
74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Dropline 4 21 76 572 PP. Bungus Padang Small Longline 4 21 78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 4 52 79 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 82 572 PP. Laduan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 10 17 84 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 Des Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 16 103 <	72	572	Desa Botolakha	Nias Utara	Small	Dropline	25	197
74 572 Desa Helera Nias Utara Small Longline 2 11 75 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Dropline 4 21 76 572 PP. Bungus Padang Small Longline 4 21 78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 4 52 79 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 82 572 PP. Laduan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 10 17 84 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 Des Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 16 103 <	73	572	Desa Helera	Nias Utara	Nano		13	21
75 572 Muara Padang Padang Medium Longline 1 11 76 572 PP. Bungus Padang Small Dropline 4 21 77 572 PP. Bungus Padang Small Dropline 4 52 78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 81 572 PP. Labuan Padang Small Longline 10 17 83 572 PP. Labuan Padang Small Longline 4 40 84 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pessir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 15 23	74	572	Desa Helera	Nias Utara	Small		2	11
76 572 Muara Padang Padang Small Longline 4 21 77 572 PP. Bungus Padang Medium Longline 1 8 78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 5 41 82 572 PP. Labuan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 5 41 82 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 2 152 84 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 85 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 5 17 <	75	572	Muara Padang	Padang	Medium	Longline	1	11
77 572 PP. Bungus Padang Medium Dropline 4 52 79 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 82 572 PP. Labuan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 1 17 83 572 PP. Labuan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 4 40 85 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 16 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17	76	572	Muara Padang	Padang	Small		4	21
78 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Dropline 4 52 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 82 572 PP. Labuan Padang Pariman Nano Longline 10 17 83 572 PP. Labuan Pandeglang Small Dropline 29 152 84 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Mano Dropline 16 103 85 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 80 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 21 146 <td>77</td> <td>572</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>Small</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>8</td>	77	572		_	Small		1	8
79 572 PP. Muaro Padang Medium Longline 5 61 80 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Dropline 1 5 81 572 PP. Muaro Padang Small Longline 5 41 82 572 PP. Labuan Pandeglang Small Dropline 29 152 84 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 85 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 5 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Small Dropline 15 185	78	572		Padang	Medium		4	52
80 572 P.P. Muaro Padang Small Longline 1 5 81 572 P.P. Muaro Padang Pariaman Small Longline 5 41 82 572 P.P. Labuan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 29 152 84 572 P.P. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 P.P. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 6 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 P.P. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 45 21446 90 573 P.P. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 15 780		572	PP. Muaro	9	Medium			61
82 572 Pantai Ulakan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 10 17 83 572 PP. Labuan Pandeglang Small Dropline 29 152 84 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 45 2146 90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 45 2146 90 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 15 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 12	80	572	PP. Muaro	Padang	Small	Dropline	1	5
82 572 Pantai Ulakan Padang Pariaman Nano Longline 10 17 83 572 PP. Labuan Pandeglang Small Dropline 29 152 84 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 16 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 45 2146 90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 45 146 91 573 PP. Bracer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 15 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Man Dropline 12	81	572	PP. Muaro	Padang	Small	Longline	5	41
83 572 PP. Labuan Pandeglang Small oropline 29 152 84 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium of Longline 4 40 85 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium of Longline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 5 23 87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 16 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 DP. Grajagan Badung Nano Dropline 452 1446 91 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Small Dropline 15 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Mano Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 1 15	82	572	Pantai Ulakan	Padang Pariaman	Nano		10	17
84 572 PP. Carocok Tarusan Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 4 40 85 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 86 672 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 16 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 30 56 90 573 PP. Kedonganan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 452 1446 91 573 PP. Kedonganan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 150 780 95 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Small Dropline 150 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 1 15 94 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 1	83	572	PP. Labuan		Small		29	152
85 572 PP. Kambang Pesisir Selatan Medium Longline 3 30 86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 16 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 452 1446 90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 15 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 12 625 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 12 625 95 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 12 3	84	572	PP. Carocok Tarusan	Pesisir Selatan	Medium		4	40
86 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Nano Dropline 5 23 87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 16 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 30 56 90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 452 1446 91 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Small Dropline 150 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 15 31 <td>85</td> <td>572</td> <td>PP. Kambang</td> <td>Pesisir Selatan</td> <td>Medium</td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>30</td>	85	572	PP. Kambang	Pesisir Selatan	Medium		3	30
87 572 Desa Pulau Tunda Serang Small Dropline 16 103 88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 30 56 90 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 30 56 90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 150 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 12 625 95 573 Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 12 625 95 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 1 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44	86	572		Serang	Nano		5	23
88 573 Desa Alor Kecil Alor Nano Dropline 25 17 89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 30 56 90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 452 1446 91 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 150 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 12 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 12 625 95 573 PA. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 12 3 96 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 16 153	87	572	Desa Pulau Tunda		Small			103
89 573 PP. Kedonganan Badung Nano Dropline 30 56 90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 452 1446 91 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 150 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 12 3 96 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44		573	Desa Alor Kecil	_	Nano			
90 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 452 1446 91 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Small Dropline 150 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 174 348 94 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Bancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 13 4 97 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 15 15 98 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Longline 16 16 10		573	PP. Kedonganan	Badung	Nano		30	56
91 573 PP. Grajagan Banyuwangi Small Dropline 150 780 92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 2 3 96 573 PP. Rapupu Belu Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Longline 1 6 101 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6	90				Nano			1446
92 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Medium Dropline 1 15 93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 174 348 94 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 2 3 96 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 3 4 97 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 162 553 100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6 102 573	91				Small			
93 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Nano Dropline 174 348 94 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 2 3 96 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 3 4 97 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 162 553 100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 <t< td=""><td>92</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Medium</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	92				Medium			
94 573 PP. Pancer Banyuwangi Small Dropline 125 625 95 573 Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 2 3 96 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 3 4 97 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 16 553 100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 1 2 104 573 Pel					Nano		174	348
95 573 Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 2 3 96 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 3 4 97 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 16 553 100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6 102 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 1 26 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 27 106 573				ž S	Small			
96 573 PP. Atapupu Belu Nano Dropline 3 4 97 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6 102 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 1 6 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107					Nano			
97 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Dropline 15 15 98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 162 553 100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6 102 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 1 6 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 27 106 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 3 236 108	96			Belu	Nano			
98 573 PP. Rompo Bima Nano Longline 57 44 99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 162 553 100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6 103 573 PP. Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 30 26 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 27 106 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108	97				Nano			15
99 573 PP. Sape Bima Nano Dropline 162 553 100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP.Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 1 6 103 573 PP.Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Petabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108 573 PP. Puger Jembrana Nano Longline 50 160	98			Bima	Nano		57	44
100 573 PP. Sape Bima Small Dropline 1 6 101 573 PP.Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 15 30 102 573 PP.Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 30 26 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 1 22 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126								
101 573 PP.Tambakrejo Blitar Nano Longline 15 30 102 573 PP.Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 30 26 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Longline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 15 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 10 40								
102 573 PP.Tambakrejo Blitar Small Longline 1 6 103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 30 26 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Longline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 1 22 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 15 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Medium Dropline 36 97			=				15	
103 573 Jetis Cilacap Nano Longline 30 26 104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Longline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Nano Dropline 36 97 112 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Kupang Nano Dropline 50 87 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
104 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Dropline 11 241 105 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Longline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Nano Dropline 36 97 112 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Kupang Medium Dropline 1 27 113 573 Pelabuhan Sulamu Kupang Medium Longline 1			=					
105 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Denpasar Medium Longline 1 27 106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Nano Dropline 36 97 112 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Kupang Medium Dropline 1 27 113 573 Pelabuhan Sulamu Kupang Nano Dropline 50 87 114 573 PP. Mayangan Kupang Medium Longline 1					Medium			
106 573 PP. Tenau Kupang Denpasar Medium Dropline 1 22 107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Nano Dropline 36 97 112 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Kupang Medium Dropline 1 27 113 573 Pelabuhan Sulamu Kupang Nano Dropline 50 87 114 573 PP. Mayangan Kupang Medium Longline 1 29 115 573 PP. Oeba Kupang Kupang Nano Dropline 5 5 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
107 573 PP. Hu'u Dompu Small Dropline 38 236 108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Nano Dropline 36 97 112 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Kupang Medium Dropline 1 27 113 573 Pelabuhan Sulamu Kupang Nano Dropline 50 87 114 573 PP. Mayangan Kupang Medium Longline 1 29 115 573 PP. Oeba Kupang Kupang Nano Dropline 5 5								
108 573 PP. Puger Jember Nano Longline 50 160 109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Nano Dropline 36 97 112 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Kupang Medium Dropline 1 27 113 573 Pelabuhan Sulamu Kupang Nano Dropline 50 87 114 573 PP. Mayangan Kupang Medium Longline 1 29 115 573 PP. Oeba Kupang Kupang Nano Dropline 5 5								
109 573 Desa Yeh Kuning Jembrana Nano Longline 150 126 110 573 PP. Pengambengan Jembrana Nano Longline 20 40 111 573 Desa Tablolong Kupang Nano Dropline 36 97 112 573 Pelabuhan Benoa Kupang Medium Dropline 1 27 113 573 Pelabuhan Sulamu Kupang Nano Dropline 50 87 114 573 PP. Mayangan Kupang Medium Longline 1 29 115 573 PP. Oeba Kupang Kupang Nano Dropline 5 5				=				
110573PP. PengambenganJembranaNanoLongline2040111573Desa TablolongKupangNanoDropline3697112573Pelabuhan BenoaKupangMediumDropline127113573Pelabuhan SulamuKupangNanoDropline5087114573PP. MayanganKupangMediumLongline129115573PP. Oeba KupangKupangNanoDropline55								
111573Desa TablolongKupangNanoDropline3697112573Pelabuhan BenoaKupangMediumDropline127113573Pelabuhan SulamuKupangNanoDropline5087114573PP. MayanganKupangMediumLongline129115573PP. Oeba KupangKupangNanoDropline55								
112573Pelabuhan BenoaKupangMediumDropline127113573Pelabuhan SulamuKupangNanoDropline5087114573PP. MayanganKupangMediumLongline129115573PP. Oeba KupangKupangNanoDropline55								
113573Pelabuhan SulamuKupangNanoDropline5087114573PP. MayanganKupangMediumLongline129115573PP. Oeba KupangKupangNanoDropline55								
114573PP. MayanganKupangMediumLongline129115573PP. Oeba KupangKupangNanoDropline55								
115 573 PP. Oeba Kupang Kupang Nano Dropline 5 5								

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size		N	Total GT
117	573	PP. Tenau Kupang	Kupang	Medium	Longline	3	72
118	573	PP. Tenau Kupang	Kupang	Nano	Dropline	6	22
119	573	PP. Tenau Kupang	Kupang	Small	Dropline	21	166
120	573	Desa Tapolango	Lembata	Nano	Dropline	20	14
121	573	Desa waijarang	Lembata	Nano	Dropline	20	14
122	573	PP. Hadakewa	Lembata	Nano	Dropline	30	26
123	573	PP. Tanjung Luar	Lombok Timur	Medium	Longline	14	141
124	573	PP. Tanjung Luar	Lombok Timur	Nano	Dropline	15	36
125	573	PP. Tanjung Luar	Lombok Timur	Nano	Longline	39	101
126	573	Pulau Maringkik	Lombok Timur	Medium	Longline	1	10
127	573	Pulau Maringkik	Lombok Timur	Small	Longline	3	22
128	573	TPI Kampung Ujung	Manggarai Barat	Nano	Dropline	60	74
129	573	PP. Poumako	Mimika	Medium	Gillnet	1	29
130	573	PP. Watukarung	Pacitan	Nano	Longline	100	222
131	573	PP Cikidang	Pangandaran	Small	Gillnet	8	50
132	573	PP. Cikidang	Pangandaran	Nano	Gillnet	2	9
133	573	Desa Batutua	Rote Ndao	Nano	Dropline	9	11
134	573	Desa Oeseli	Rote Ndao	Nano	Dropline	2	2
135	573	Dusun Papela	Rote Ndao	Nano	Dropline	20	21
136	573	Sukabumi	Sukabumi	Nano	Longline	50	50
137	573	KSOP Kelas III Kupang	Sumba Barat	Nano	Dropline	35	80
138	573	Pelabuhan Waingapu	Sumba Barat	Nano	Dropline	8	14
139	573	Pelabuhan Waingapu	Sumba Barat	Nano	Longline	7	16
140	573	Desa Pulau Bungin	Sumbawa	Nano	Dropline	29	23
141	573	Desa Pulau Bungin	Sumbawa	Nano	Longline	15	12
142	573	Labuhan Mapin	Sumbawa	Nano	Dropline	61	43
143	573	Labuhan Mapin	Sumbawa	Nano	Longline	35	17
144	573	PP Labuhan Lalar	Sumbawa	Nano	Dropline	25	22
145	573	PP. Wini	Timor Tengah Utara	Nano	Dropline	7	12
146	711	PP. Sungailiat	Bangka	Medium	Trap	1	10
147	711	PP. Sungailiat	Bangka	Small	Dropline	1	6
148	711	PP. Sungailiat	Bangka	Small	Trap	17	133
149	711	PP. Kurau	Bangka Tengah	Small	Trap	30	159
150	711	Batam	Batam	Medium	Trap	2	56
151	711	Batam	Batam	Small	Dropline	2	12
152	711	Batam	Batam	Small	Trap	2	13
153	711	PP. Manggar	Belitung	Small	Trap	1	9
154	711	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Medium	Trap	9	164
155	711	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Nano	Dropline	108	250
156	711	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Nano	Trap	63	202
157	711	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Small	Dropline	5	27
158	711	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Small	Trap	72	450
159	711	Tanjung Binga	Belitung	Small	Trap	20	192
160	711	PP. Manggar Belitung Timur	Belitung Timur	Medium	Trap	3	42
161	711	PP. Manggar Belitung Timur	Belitung Timur	Nano	Dropline	5	21
162	711	PP. Manggar Belitung Timur	Belitung Timur	Nano	Trap	1	4
163	711	PP. Manggar Belitung Timur	Belitung Timur	Small	Dropline	2	10
164	711	PP. Manggar Belitung Timur	Belitung Timur	Small	Trap	87	481
165	711	PP. Kijang	Bintan	Medium	Dropline	2	33
166	711	PP. Kijang	Bintan	Medium	Trap	241	4587
167	711	PP. Kijang	Bintan	Nano	Trap	2	8
168	711	PP. Kijang	Bintan	Small	Dropline	10	66
169	711	PP. Kijang	Bintan	Small	Trap	204	1385
170	711	Moro	Karimun	Small	Trap	1	7
171	711	Tanjung Balai Karimun	Karimun	Medium	Longline	5	111
172	711	PP. Tarempa	Kepulauan Anambas	Nano	Dropline	202	298
173	711	PP. Tarempa	Kepulauan Anambas	Nano	Trap	19	24
174	711	PP. Tarempa	Kepulauan Anambas	Small	Dropline	11	63

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size	Gear	N	Total GT
175	711	PPI Ladan	Kepulauan Anambas	Nano	Dropline	73	182
176	711	PPI Ladan	Kepulauan Anambas	Small	Dropline	1	5
177	711	Pangkal Balam	Kota Pangkalpinang	Nano	Dropline	2	7
178	711	Pangkal Balam	Kota Pangkalpinang	Nano	Trap	1	4
179	711	Pangkal Balam	Kota Pangkalpinang	Small	Trap	12	67
180	711	PP. Muara Sungai Baturusa	Kota Pangkalpinang	Nano	Trap	3	12
181	711	PP. Muara Sungai Baturusa	Kota Pangkalpinang	Small	Trap	9	51
182	711	Dermaga Kayu Sededap	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	1	5
183	711	Desa Air Nusa	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	23	43
184	711	Desa Air Ringau	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	12	18
185	711	Desa Batu Ampar	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	5	4
186	711	Desa Batu Brilian	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	21	44
187	711	Desa Batu Brilian	Natuna	Nano	Trap	1	4
188	711	Desa Pakkalung	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	1	2
189	711	Desa Sabang Mawang Barat	Natuna	Small	Dropline	12	72 72
190	711	Desa Sedanau	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	22	79
191	711	Desa Sepempang	Natuna	Small	Dropline	22	132
192	711	Desa Serantas_ Teluk Lagong	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	23	69
193	711	Desa Subi besar	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	23	69 5.0
194	711	Desa Tanjung Belau	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	31	56
195	711	Desa Tanjung Kumbik Utara	Natuna	Small	Dropline	15	90
196	711	Desa Tanjung Setelung	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	9	16
197	711	Desa Tanjung Setelung	Natuna	Nano	Trap	18	39
198	711	Desa Tanjung Setelung	Natuna	Small	Trap	3	18
199	711	Desa Teluk Buton	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	26	78 04
200	711	Natuna	Natuna	Large	Longline	3	94
201	$711 \\ 711$	Pelabuhan Harapan Air Putih	Natuna Natuna	Nano Small	Dropline	59 1	$\frac{159}{6}$
$\frac{202}{203}$	711	Pelabuhan Harapan Air Putih Pelabuhan Midai	Natuna	Medium	Dropline Dropline	1	12
$\frac{203}{204}$	711	Pelabuhan Midai	Natuna	Medium	Trap	2	22
$\frac{204}{205}$	711	Pelabuhan Midai	Natuna	Small	Dropline	$\frac{2}{2}$	11
$\frac{203}{206}$	711	Pelabuhan Pasir Putih	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	1	2
207	711	Pelabuhan Pering	Natuna	Medium	Dropline	2	30
208	711	Pelabuhan Pering	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	21	78
209	711	Pelabuhan Pering	Natuna	Small	Dropline	1	8
210	711	Pelabuhan Sabang Barat-Midai		Medium	Trap	1	11
211	711	Pelabuhan Sabang Barat-Midai		Small	Dropline	2	11
212	711	Pelabuhan Tanjung	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	30	59
213	711	Pering	Natuna	Nano	Dropline	1	4
214	711	PP. Pering	Natuna	Small	Dropline	1	5
215	711	PP. Tarempa	Natuna	Medium	Longline	1	18
216	711	Pulau Tiga Natuna	Natuna	Small	Dropline	1	8
217	711	Tanjung Balai Karimun	Natuna	Large	Longline	11	350
218	711	Tanjung Balai Karimun	Natuna	Medium	Longline	43	1223
219	711	PP. Bajomulyo	Pati	Large	Longline	1	85
220	711	PP. Kuala Mempawah	Pontianak	Medium	Trap	2	20
221	711	PP. Kuala Mempawah	Pontianak	Small	Trap	3	19
222	712	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Nano	Trap	2	7
223	712	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Small	Trap	12	63
224	712	Desa Parang	Jepara	Medium	Trap	26	404
225	712	Desa Parang	Jepara	Small	Trap	65	468
226	712	Pelabuhan Kartini, Jepara	Jepara	Nano	Longline	15	21
227	712	PP. Karimun Jawa	Jepara	Medium	Trap	8	104
228	712	PP. Karimun Jawa	Jepara	Small	Trap	4	37
229	712	TPI. Ujungbatu	Jepara	Nano	Longline	3	4
230	712	Kelurahan Pulau Kelapa Dua	Kepulauan Seribu	Small	Dropline	9	62
231	712	Kelurahan Pulau Pari	Kepulauan Seribu	Nano	Trap	2	9
232	712	Kelurahan Pulau Pari	Kepulauan Seribu	Small	Trap	3	17

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

233 712 Kelurahan Pulau Untung Jawa Kepulauan Seribu Sanall Tapa 8 51 51 52 53 712 PP. Brondong Lamongan Medium Dropline 167 2158 172 PP. Brondong Lamongan Medium Dropline 167 2158 172 PP. Brondong Lamongan Medium Dropline 14 176 72 72 72 72 PP. Brondong Lamongan Small Dropline 14 716 72 72 73 712 PP. Brondong Lamongan Small Dropline 17 72 72 72 PP. Bajomulyo Pati Lamongan Medium Longline 1 9 75 72 72 72 74 74 74 74 74	Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size		N	Total GT
235 712 P.P. Brondong Lamongan Medium Dropline 67 2158 237 712 P.P. Brondong Lamongan Small Dropline 11 76 238 712 P.P. Brondong Lamongan Small Longline 11 8 239 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pati Large Longline 13 355 240 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pati Large Longline 13 355 241 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pati Large Longline 13 355 242 712 P.P. Assem Doyong Pemalang Small Dropline 1 29 242 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Longline 1 2 28 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 12 2 28 247 T12 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small D						Trap		
236 712 P.P. Brondong Lamongan Medium Longline 14 176 238 712 P.P. Brondong Lamongan Small Longline 1 9 239 712 P.P. Brondong Lamongan Small Longline 1 9 240 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pati Large Longline 1 3 355 241 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pemalang Small Dropline 10 57 241 712 P.P. Asyangan Probolinggo Medium Longline 1 29 243 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Longline 1 4 4 12 2 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>						-		
237 T/12 P.P. Brondong Lamongan Small Longline 1.5 8.9 238 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pati Large Longline 3.0 1432 240 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pati Medium Longline 3.0 1432 240 712 P.P. Bajomulyo Pati Medium Longline 1.0 57 241 712 P.P. Asem Doyong Penalang Small Dropline 1 2.9 242 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 1 2 2.8 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 1 4 4 246 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 12 2.8 247 712 Desa Masalima Sumenep Small Dropline 12 2.8 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Madium								
238 712 PP. Brondong Lamogan Small Longline 1 9 1432 249 712 PP. Bajomulyo Pati Medium Longline 13 355 210 712 PP. Bajomulyo Petmalang Small Dropline 10 55 211 712 PP. Mayangan Probolingo Medium Longline 1 29 243 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Longline 1 29 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 1 4 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 12 28 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 12 28 247 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 12 28 247 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Small Dropline						_		
239 712 PP. Bajomulyo Pati Longline 30 1432 240 712 PP. Bajomulyo Petal Medium Longline 10 57 241 712 PP. Asem Doyong Pemalang Small Dropline 10 57 242 712 PP. Asem Doyong Pemalang Small Longline 10 57 243 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 1 2 28 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 102 702 28 247 712 Desa Basalima Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 11 29 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 21 28 12 28 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Small Longline 30 36 12 25 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Small Longline	237							
240 712 PP. Bajomulyo Pentalang Small Dropline 13 355 242 712 PP. Asem Doyong Pemalang Small Dropline 10 57 242 712 PP. Mayangan Probolingo Medium Longline 10 29 243 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 1 4 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 1 4 246 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 12 84 248 712 Desa Masalima Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 4 312 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Man Longline 4 312 251 712 Pagerungan Kecil Sumenep Man Longline 4					Small			-
241 712 PP. Aseem Doyong Pemalang Small Dropline 10 57 243 712 PP. Pondok Mimbo Situbondo Medium Longline 10 29 243 712 PP. Pondok Mimbo Situbondo Nano Longline 10 156 244 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Mano Dropline 1 2 28 246 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 10 702 702 702 702 702 702 702 84 44 12 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 28 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 4 41 22 82 70 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Madlum Dropline 2 9 73 32 72 712 P. Dungkek Sumenep Madlum Dropline 2 9 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					_			
242 712 PP. Mayangan Probolinggo Medium Longline 10 156 243 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 2 28 244 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Nano Dropline 1 4 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 10 7 247 712 Desa Masalima Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 249 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 45 312 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 45 312 251 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 43 312 252 712 P. Dungkek Sumenep Nano Dropline 2	240	712		Pati		_		355
243 712 PP. Pondok Mimbo Situbondo Nano Longline 100 156 244 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 2 28 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 12 702 247 712 Desa Masalima Sumenep Small Dropline 12 74 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 249 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 45 312 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Madi Longline 4 41 251 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Mano Longline 43 32 251 712 P.P. Dungkek Sumenep Mano Longline 3 32 254 712 P.P. Dungkek Sumenep Mano Dropline 2				_		_		
244 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Medium Dropline 2 28 245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 102 702 247 712 Desa Masalima Sumenep Small Dropline 12 702 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 249 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 43 312 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 30 36 252 712 Pagerungan Kecil Sumenep Nano Longline 3 332 252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Nano Dropline 3 32 253 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>00</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></t<>				00		_		
245 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Nano Dropline 1 4 246 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 102 702 247 712 Desa Masalina Sumenep Mand Longline 4 41 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Mano Longline 21 28 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 45 312 252 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Mano Longline 45 312 252 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Mano Dropline 2 9 253 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Mano Dropline 2 9 254 712 P. P. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 7 43 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 2 16 </td <td>243</td> <td>712</td> <td>PP. Pondok Mimbo</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	243	712	PP. Pondok Mimbo					
246 712 Desa Bancamara Sumenep Small Dropline 102 702 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 24 41 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 21 28 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 45 312 251 712 Pagerungan Kecil Sumenep Medium Dropline 3 32 252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Medium Dropline 2 9 254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 10 256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 8 257 712	244		Desa Bancamara	Sumenep	Medium	Dropline		
247 712 Desa Masalima Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Longline 4 41 249 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Small Longline 45 312 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Medium Dropline 30 36 252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Medium Dropline 3 32 253 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 7 43 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 256 712 Pengatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanggerang Small Dropline 2 10 259 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 2 8 <tr< td=""><td>245</td><td></td><td>Desa Bancamara</td><td></td><td>Nano</td><td>Dropline</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	245		Desa Bancamara		Nano	Dropline		
248 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Madium Longline 4 41 249 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Small Longline 45 312 250 712 Pagerungan Kecil Sumenep Nano Longline 30 36 252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Medium Dropline 3 32 253 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 10 256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Citiuis Tangerang Small Dropline 2 16 257 712 PP. Citiuis Tangerang Small Dropline 2 12 2	246	712	Desa Bancamara	Sumenep				702
249 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Nano Longline 21 28 250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Small Longline 45 312 251 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Medium Dropline 3 32 252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 7 43 255 712 Pungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 10 256 712 Pagatan Tanal Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanggerang Small Trap 7 64 258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nanol Dropline 2 28 260 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21	247	712		Sumenep				84
250 712 Pagerungan Besar Sumenep Small Longline 45 312 251 712 Pagurungan Kecil Sumenep Medium Dropline 3 32 252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Medium Dropline 2 9 253 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 10 256 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 10 256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Glial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 2 16 259 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 2 12 260 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 3 12	248	712		Sumenep	Medium	Longline	4	41
251 712 Pagerungan Kecil Sumenep Nano Longline 30 36 252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Medium Dropline 2 9 254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 7 43 255 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 7 43 256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanggerang Small Trap 7 64 258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 2 12 126 261 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 12 12 126 13 12 12 12 126 13 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 16 274 12 12 12	249	712	Pagerungan Besar	Sumenep	Nano	Longline	21	28
252 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Medium Dropline 3 32 253 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Nano Dropline 2 9 254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 2 9 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 10 256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanagerang Small Dropline 2 8 258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 2 126 260 713 PP. Mangsar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 16 274 262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 3 <t< td=""><td>250</td><td>712</td><td>Pagerungan Besar</td><td>Sumenep</td><td>Small</td><td>Longline</td><td>45</td><td></td></t<>	250	712	Pagerungan Besar	Sumenep	Small	Longline	45	
253 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Nano Dropline 7 43 254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 70 43 255 712 Sumenep Small Dropline 2 10 256 712 PP. Cituis Tanggerang Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanggerang Small Dropline 2 16 258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 2 2 126 260 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 16 13 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Medium Dropline 1 3 21 16 13 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Man Longline 7 39 1 3 1 6 6 4 13 3 1 1 3 1 <td>251</td> <td>712</td> <td>Pagerungan Kecil</td> <td>Sumenep</td> <td>Nano</td> <td>Longline</td> <td>30</td> <td>36</td>	251	712	Pagerungan Kecil	Sumenep	Nano	Longline	30	36
254 712 PP. Dungkek Sumenep Small Dropline 7 43 255 712 Bumenep Sumenep Small Dropline 20 2196 256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanggerang Small Trap 7 64 258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 2 126 260 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 261 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 1 3 262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 3 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 3 264 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1	252	712	PP. Dungkek	Sumenep	Medium	Dropline	3	32
255 712 Sumenep Sumenep Small Dropline 300 2196 256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanagerang Small Trap 7 64 258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 2 8 259 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 260 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 1 3 262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 1 3 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 1 3 265 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 1 3 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Nano Dropline	253	712	PP. Dungkek	Sumenep	Nano	Dropline	2	9
256 712 Pagatan Tanah Bumbu Small Dropline 2 10 257 712 PP. Cituis Tanggerang Small Trap 7 64 258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 2 8 259 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 260 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 1 3 21 261 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 274 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 6 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 39 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 31 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung	254	712	PP. Dungkek	Sumenep	Small	Dropline	7	43
257 712 P.P. Cituis Tanggerang Small Trap 7 64 258 713 P.P. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 2 8 259 713 P.P. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 22 126 260 713 P.P. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 3 21 261 713 P.P. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Nano Longline 1 3 262 713 P.P. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 264 713 P.P. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 265 713 P.P. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 P.P. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 P.P. Tanjung Lima Bontang Small <	255	712	Sumenep	Sumenep	Small	Dropline	300	2196
258 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Nano Dropline 22 8 259 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 22 126 260 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 261 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Nano Longline 1 3 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 264 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Nano Trap 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Lima Bontang Nano Dropl	256	712	Pagatan	Tanah Bumbu	Small	Dropline	2	10
259 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 22 126 260 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 261 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 1 3 262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 264 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 1 1 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4	257	712	PP. Cituis	Tanggerang	Small	Trap	7	64
259 713 PP. Filial Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 22 126 260 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Medium Dropline 16 274 261 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 1 3 262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Longline 7 39 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 1 1 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline	258	713	PP. Filial Klandasan	Balikpapan	Nano	Dropline	2	8
260 713 PP. Klandasan Balikpapan Small Dropline 3 21 261 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Medium Dropline 16 274 262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Nano Longline 1 3 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Nano Trap 1 3 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 1 3 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 21 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24	259	713	PP. Filial Klandasan		Small	Dropline	22	126
261 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Nano Longline 1 3 262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Nano Longline 1 3 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Nano Trap 1 3 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 268 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 1 1 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 5 <td< td=""><td>260</td><td>713</td><td>PP. Klandasan</td><td></td><td>Small</td><td>Dropline</td><td>3</td><td>21</td></td<>	260	713	PP. Klandasan		Small	Dropline	3	21
262 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Nano Longline 1 3 263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 264 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 10 33 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 1					Medium			274
263 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Dropline 1 6 264 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Trap 4 21 268 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 3 269 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 4 21 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 4 21 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 4 24 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1						_		
264 713 PP. Manggar Baru Balikpapan Small Longline 7 39 265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Nano Trap 1 3 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 4 21 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 4 21 268 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1 1 21 27 713 Dranjuna Bulukumba Nano Dropline 1					Small			
265 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Nano Trap 1 3 266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Trap 4 21 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 10 33 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 4 24 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 272 713 Desa Sangsit Buleleng Nano Dropline 5 15 274 713 PP. Balumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>39</td>								39
266 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Dropline 1 5 267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Trap 4 21 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 10 33 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 272 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 272 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 272 713 PP. Dannuang Bulatumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Nano</td><td>_</td><td>1</td><td></td></td<>					Nano	_	1	
267 713 PP. Tanjung Pandan Belitung Small Trap 4 21 268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 10 33 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1 273 713 PP. Danmuang Bulkumba Nano Dropline 20 20 <				Belitung	Small		1	
268 713 PP. Kore Bima Nano Dropline 10 33 269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 4 24 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 273 713 Desa Sangsit Buleleng Nano Dropline 50 15 274 713 PP. Dannuang Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 300 300 277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Longline 1 1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
269 713 Lok Tuan Bontang Nano Dropline 4 13 270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 4 24 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 4 24 272 713 Desa Sangsit Buleleng Nano Dropline 50 15 274 713 Desa Sangsit Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Dannuang Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 30 300 277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Longline 1 1				_				
270 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Nano Dropline 5 11 271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 4 24 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1 273 713 Desa Sangsit Buleleng Nano Dropline 50 15 274 713 PP. Dannuang Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Dropline 30 300 277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Dropline 1 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
271 713 PP. Tanjung Limau Bontang Small Dropline 4 24 272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1 273 713 Desa Sangsit Buleleng Nano Dropline 50 15 274 713 PP. Dannuang Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 300 300 277 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Dompu Nano Longline 10 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></t<>				_		_		
272 713 Tanjung Laut Bontang Nano Dropline 1 1 273 713 Desa Sangsit Buleleng Nano Dropline 50 15 274 713 PP. Dannuang Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 300 300 277 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Longline 10 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 10 52 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 17 88<				~				
273 713 Desa Sangsit Buleleng Nano Dropline 50 15 274 713 PP. Dannuang Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 300 300 277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Longline 10 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Dropline 1 1 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 <				0				
274 713 PP. Dannuang Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 300 300 277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Longline 10 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Dropline 1 1 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 1 0 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349								
275 713 PP. Kalumeme Bulukumba Nano Dropline 20 20 276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 300 300 277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Longline 10 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 10 52 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kota Makassar Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735			9					
276 713 PP. Kota Bulukumba Bulukumba Nano Dropline 300 300 277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Longline 10 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 10 52 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 1 3			_					
277 713 PP. Keramat Dompu Nano Longline 10 4 278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Dropline 1 1 279 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 10 52 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
278 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Dropline 1 1 279 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 10 52 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1								
279 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Nano Longline 1 0 280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 10 52 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8								
280 713 PP. Malaju Dompu Small Dropline 10 52 281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8 289 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Longline 3 24 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				•				
281 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Nano Longline 32 13 282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8 289 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Longline 3 24								
282 713 PP. Soro Kempo Dompu Small Dropline 17 88 283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8 289 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Longline 3 24								
283 713 PP. Labean Donggala Nano Dropline 27 24 284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8 289 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Longline 3 24						_		
284 713 Anawoi Kolaka Medium Trap 5 64 285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8 289 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Longline 3 24			=					
285 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Dropline 25 349 286 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Medium Longline 61 735 287 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Nano Longline 1 3 288 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Dropline 1 8 289 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Longline 3 24				00				
286713PP. BebaKota MakassarMediumLongline61735287713PP. BebaKota MakassarNanoLongline13288713PP. BebaKota MakassarSmallDropline18289713PP. BebaKota MakassarSmallLongline324								
287713PP. BebaKota MakassarNanoLongline13288713PP. BebaKota MakassarSmallDropline18289713PP. BebaKota MakassarSmallLongline324								
288713PP. BebaKota MakassarSmallDropline18289713PP. BebaKota MakassarSmallLongline324						_		
289 713 PP. Beba Kota Makassar Small Longline 3 24								
g .								
290 (15 Gang Kakap, Muara Jawa Kutai Kartanegara Nano Longline 20 60								
	<i>2</i> 90	113	Gang Kakap, Muara Jawa	nutai nartanegara	nano	Longline	20	00

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size	Gear	N	Total GT
291	713	Kampung Terusan	Kutai Kartanegara	Small	Longline	10	85
292	713	Kuala Samboja	Kutai Kartanegara	Small	Longline	3	15
293	713	Pantai Biru Kersik	Kutai Kartanegara	Nano	Dropline	16	48
294	713	Semangkok	Kutai Kartanegara	Nano	Dropline	10	31
295	713	Maloy	Kutai Timur	Small	Dropline	1	5
296	713	Muara Selangkau	Kutai Timur	Nano	Dropline	40	120
297	713	PP. Kenyamukan	Kutai Timur	Medium	Dropline	3	32
298	713	PP. Kenyamukan	Kutai Timur	Nano	Dropline	40	40
299	713	PP. Kenyamukan	Kutai Timur	Small	Dropline	11	75
300	713	PP. Sangatta	Kutai Timur	Medium	Dropline	1	10
301	713	PP. Sangatta	Kutai Timur	Small	Dropline	5	31
302	713	PP. Brondong	Lamongan	Medium	Trap	1	19
303	713	Desa Wangatoa	Lembata	Nano	Dropline	20	23
304	713	Majene	Majene	Nano	Longline	38	114
305	713	Majene	Majene	Small	Dropline	1	7
306	713	Majene	Majene	Small	Longline	12	84
307	713	Pelabuhan Majene	Majene	Nano	Longline	34	96
308	713	PP. Rangas Majene	Majene	Nano	Longline	2	6
809	713	PP. Kasiwa	Mamuju	Nano	Dropline	31	93
310	713	PP. Kasiwa	Mamuju	Small	Dropline	4	20
311	713	PP. Labuhan Bajo	Manggarai Barat	Nano	Dropline	40	15
312	713	PP. Konge	Nagekeo	Nano	Dropline	30	8
313	713	Sumbawa	Pangkep	Nano	Longline	50	50
314	713	Muara Pasir	Paser	Nano	Longline	10	20
315	713	PP. Bajomulyo	Pati	Large	Longline	3	130
316	713	Kampung Pejala	Penajam Paser Utara	Nano	Dropline	2	7
17	713	Kampung Pejala	Penajam Paser Utara	Small	Dropline	17	85
818	713	Nenang	Penajam Paser Utara	Small	Trap	50	253
319	713	PP. Mayangan	Probolinggo	Medium	Longline	1	27
320	713	Desa Labuhan Sangoro	Sumbawa	Nano	Longline	20	37
321	713	Labuhan Sumbawa	Sumbawa	Medium	Dropline	1	17
322	713	Labuhan Sumbawa	Sumbawa	Nano	Dropline	3	12
323	713	Labuhan Sumbawa	Sumbawa	Small	Dropline	4	27
324	713	PP. Labuhan Terata	Sumbawa	Nano	Dropline	4	7
325	713	PP. Beba	Takalar	Medium	Dropline	2	25
326	713	PP. Beba	Takalar	Medium	Gillnet	12	185
327	713	PP. Beba	Takalar	Medium	Longline	19	244
328	713	PP. Beba	Takalar	Small	Dropline	2	17
329	713	PP. Beba	Takalar	Small	Gillnet	1	9
30	714	Kabola	Alor	Nano	Dropline	15	10
331	714	Kokar	Alor	Nano	Dropline	100	88
332	714	Banggai Kepulauan	Banggai Kepulauan	Nano	Dropline	10	10
333	714	Banggai Laut	Banggai Laut	Nano	Dropline	50	50
334	714	Bontosi	Banggai Laut	Nano	Dropline	1	3
335	714	Desa Bontosi	Banggai Laut	Nano	Dropline	1	2
336	714	Desa Matanga	Banggai Laut	Nano	Longline	5	4
337	714	Desa Tinakin Laut	Banggai Laut	Nano	Dropline	1	1
338	714	Kasuari	Banggai Laut	Nano	Longline	14	16
339	714	PP. Tanjung Pandan	Belitung	Small	Dropline	1	6
340	714	Desa Balimu	Buton	Nano	Dropline	5	6
841	714	Kelurahan Watolo	Buton Tengah	Nano	Gillnet	4	4
42	714	Kelurahan Watolo	Buton Tengah	Nano	Longline	13	13
343	714	Desa Tanjung Batu	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Dropline	1	2
344	714	Kampung Babar	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Dropline	1	4
345	714	Kampung Barbar	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Dropline	6	12
346	714	Pasar Baru Omele Saumlaki	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Dropline	6	13
347	714	Pasar Baru Omele Saumlaki	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Longline	1	3
		Pasar Lama Saumlaki	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Dropline	1	2

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size	Gear	N	Total GT
349	714	Saumlaki	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Dropline	3	8
350	714	PPI Soropia	Konawe	Medium	Trap	1	12
351	714	PPI Soropia	Konawe	Nano	Trap	1	1
352	714	Desa Labengki	Konawe Utara	Nano	Dropline	5	5
353	714	Labengki	Konawe Utara	Nano	Dropline	4	5
354	714	Labengki	Konawe Utara	Nano	Longline	1	1
355	714	Asilulu	Maluku Tengah	Nano	Dropline	30	56
356	714	Batu Lubang	Maluku Tengah	Nano	Dropline	30	53
357	714	PP. Tulehu	Maluku Tengah	Large	Dropline	1	34
358	714	Desa Langgur	Maluku Tenggara	Small	Dropline	1	10
359	714	Desa Selayar	Maluku Tenggara	Nano	Dropline	5	7
360	714	Desa Watdek	Maluku Tenggara	Small	Dropline	5	32
361	714	PP. Kema	Minahasa Utara	Large	Dropline	1	30
362	714	Desa Bahonsuai	Morowali	Nano	Dropline	3	3
363	714	Desa Moahino	Morowali	Nano	Longline	2	4
364	714	Desa Umbele	Morowali	Nano	Dropline	2	2
365	714	Desa Umbele	Morowali	Nano	Longline	2	4
366	714	Desa Limbo	Pulau Taliabu	Nano	Longline	30	18
367	714	Dusun Anauni	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Dropline	15	15
368	714	Dusun Anauni	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Longline	35	44
369	714	Dusun Huaroa	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Dropline	50	74
370	714	Dusun Huhua	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Dropline	20	27
371	714	Dusun Naeselan	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Dropline	20	33
372	714	Dusun Patinea	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Dropline	15	21
373	714	Dusun Pohon Batu	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Dropline	10	11
374	714	Dusun Waisela	Seram Bagian Barat	Nano	Dropline	4	4
375	714	Desa Mangon	Tual	Small	Dropline	1	7
376	714	PP. Tual	Tual	Medium	Dropline	1	28
377	714	PP. Tual	Tual Tual	Nano	Dropline	1	2
378	$714 \\ 714$	PP. Tual	Wakatobi	Small $ Medium$	Dropline Dropline	4 1	$\frac{25}{13}$
$\frac{379}{380}$	$714 \\ 714$	Binongko Binongko	Wakatobi	Nano	Dropline	28	16
381	$714 \\ 714$	Dermaga Desa Wali	Wakatobi	Small	Dropline	1	5
382	714	Desa Lagongga	Wakatobi	Nano	Dropline	7	26
$\frac{382}{383}$	714	Desa Lagongga Desa Lagongga	Wakatobi	Small	Dropline	1	6
384	714	Desa Wali	Wakatobi	Nano	Dropline	2	8
385	714	Pelabuhan Lagelewa	Wakatobi	Nano	Dropline	1	3
386	715	Desa Jayabakti	Banggai	Nano	Dropline	51	40
387	715	Desa Jayabakti	Banggai	Nano	Longline	5	4
388	715	Pagimana	Banggai	Nano	Dropline	2	4
389	715	Pangkalaseang	Banggai	Nano	Dropline	10	10
390	715	Kampung Sekar	Fakfak	Nano	Dropline	7	7
391	715	Kampung Sosar, Kokas	Fakfak	Nano	Dropline	7	7
392	715	Kampung Ugar	Fakfak	Nano	Dropline	17	11
393	715	Pasar Sorpeha	Fakfak	Nano	Dropline	9	22
394	715	PP. PP. Dulan Pok-Pok	Fakfak	Nano	Dropline	215	206
395	715	Bacan	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	9	5
396	715	Bacan	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Longline	1	0
397	715	Bacan Barat	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	6	2
398	715	Bacan Tengah	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	24	8
399	715	Bacan Timur	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	4	1
400	715	Bacan Utara	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	5	2
401	715	Desa Akegula	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	15	16
402	715	Desa Amasing Kota Barat	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Longline	1	2
403	715	Desa Babang	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	7	4
404	715	Desa Jikotamo	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	15	20
405	715	Desa Laiwui	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	12	13
406	715	Desa Lalei	Halmahera Selatan	Nano	Dropline	29	17

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

1977 1715 Desa Sali Kecil Hahmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 20 8	Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size		N	Total GT
190 715 Gane Barat Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 10 13								
1410 715 Gane Timur Selatan Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 2 4 1411 715 Kep. Batang Lomang Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 7 2 4 1412 715 Kep. Jaconga Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 7 2 1413 715 Mandioli Selatan Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 7 2 1414 715 Mandioli Selatan Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 17 5 1415 715 Pasar Tembal Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 0 3 1417 715 Pulan Obilatu Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 0 3 1417 715 Pulan Obilatu Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 0 3 1417 715 Pulan Obilatu Halmahera Timur Nano Dropline 62 18 1418 715 Buli Halmahera Timur Nano Dropline 0 10 1419 715 Halmahera Timur Halmahera Timur Nano Dropline 0 10 1421 715 Kampung Air Merah Kaimana Nano Dropline 0 10 1421 715 Kampung Air Merah Kaimana Medium Dropline 2 49 1424 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Dropline 2 49 1425 715 Pu. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 49 1426 715 Pu. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 49 1427 715 Pasar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 10 10 1428 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 10 10 1429 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 10 10 1420 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 11 30 1430 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 11 30 1431 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 11 30 1431 715 Desa Kilfara Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 11 30 1431 715 Desa Kilfara Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 11 30 1431 715 Desa Kail Remu Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 1431 715 Desa Kail Remu Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 1441 715 Jenbatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 10 10 1			_					
1-11 715 Kep. Batang Lomang Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 12 44 12 715 Kep. Joronga Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 13 4 414 715 Mandioli Usara Halmahera Selatan Nano Dropline 17 5 5 6 175 7 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19								
121 1715 Kep. Joronga								
141								
1415 715								
1415 715								
1416 715						_		
Halmahera Selatan								
418 7.15 Buli Halmahera Timur Nano Dropline 7 7 420 715 Desa Trikora Kaimana Nano Dropline 10 10 420 715 Desa Trikora Kaimana Nano Dropline 3 33 422 715 Kampung Air Tiba Kaimana Nano Dropline 2 49 423 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Longline 2 49 424 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Longline 2 30 425 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 43 427 715 Pasar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 5 61 429 715 Pesar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 13 130 420 715 Pesar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 14 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Halmahera Timur								
420 715 Desa Trikora Kaimana Nano Dropline 10 10 421 715 Kampung Air Tiba Kaimana Nano Dropline 10 10 422 715 Kampung Air Tiba Kaimana Medium Dropline 2 49 424 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Longline 2 30 425 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Large Longline 1 30 426 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 1 30 426 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 1 30 426 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Dropline 16 10 10 427 715 Desa Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 15 61 12 43 429 715 Desa Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Nano</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					Nano			
421 715 Kampung Air Merah Kaimana Nano Dropline 33 33 422 715 Kampung Air Tiba Kaimana Medium Dropline 2 49 423 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Longline 2 30 425 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 30 426 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 43 427 715 Pasar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 5 61 428 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 5 61 428 715 Des Rema Minahasa Utara Large Dropline 13 13 430 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 14 62 432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline								
422 715 Kampung Air Tiba Kaimana Medium Dropline 10 10 423 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Dropline 2 49 424 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Large Longline 2 30 425 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 43 427 715 Pasar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 10 10 428 715 Desa Saswai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 3 130 430 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Medium Dropline 4 62 431 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 2 2 432 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 433 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline								
423 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Dropline 2 49 425 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Longline 2 30 425 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Large Longline 2 43 427 715 Pu. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 43 427 715 Pesa Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 15 66 428 715 Pesa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 15 66 429 715 Pe. Kema Minahasa Utara Large Dropline 13 30 430 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 14 62 432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 433 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline								
424 715 Namatota Kaimana Medium Longline 2 30 425 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Large Longline 2 43 426 715 Pu. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 43 427 715 Pasar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 10 10 10 428 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Large Dropline 11 320 430 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Medium Dropline 11 320 432 715 Desa Kiltara Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 432 715 Desa Kiltara Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 25 433 715 Desa Kiltara Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Kali Remu Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10								
426 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Large Longline 1 30 426 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 43 427 715 Pasar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 55 61 429 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Large Dropline 1 320 431 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 44 62 432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 433 715 Desa Kilfury Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 24 435 715 Desa Amaial Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 25 434 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 437 715 Desa Waru Se								
426 715 PU. Kaimana Kaimana Medium Longline 2 43 427 715 Desa Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 55 61 428 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 3 130 429 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Large Dropline 3 130 430 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 41 62 432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 433 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 2 2 6 26 435 715 Desa Amtai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Amtai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 437 715 Desa Kali Remu <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Medium</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					Medium			
427 715 Pasar Galala Kota Tidore Kepulauan Nano Dropline 10 10 428 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 55 61 429 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Medium Dropline 11 320 431 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 44 62 432 715 Desa Kiltura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 434 715 Desa Kiltury Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 434 715 Desa Namalena Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 434 715 Desa Namalena Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 437 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 1 17 437 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nan	425	715	PU. Kaimana	Kaimana	Large			30
428 715 Desa Sawai Maluku Tengah Nano Dropline 55 61 429 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Large Dropline 3 130 430 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Medium Dropline 14 62 432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 433 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Anmalena Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 2 3 437 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 3 438 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Medium	426	715	PU. Kaimana		Medium		2	43
429 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Large Dropline 3 130 430 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Medium Dropline 11 320 431 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 21 27 433 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 433 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 2 3 437 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 1 17 439 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Medium Dropline 2 6 440 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Mediu	427	715	Pasar Galala	-	Nano		10	10
430 715 PP. Kema Minahasa Utara Medium Dropline 11 320 431 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 44 62 432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 434 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 10 17 437 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 10 17 437 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong	428	715	Desa Sawai		Nano			61
431 715 Desa Geser Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 44 62 432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 434 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Namalena Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 2 3 437 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Medium Dropline 2 6 440 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong So	429	715	PP. Kema	Minahasa Utara	Large	Dropline	3	130
432 715 Desa Kilfura Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 21 433 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 434 715 Desa Namalena Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 10 17 437 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Trap 1 3 440 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline	430	715	PP. Kema	Minahasa Utara	Medium		11	320
433 715 Desa Kiltay Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 25 25 434 715 Desa Namalena Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 435 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 2 3 438 715 Pulau Parang Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 438 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 443 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium<	431	715	Desa Geser	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Dropline		62
434 715 Desa Namalena Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 26 26 435 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 2 3 438 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 439 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Trap 1 3 440 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Drop	432	715	Desa Kilfura	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Dropline	31	27
435 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 436 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 10 17 437 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 2 3 438 715 Pulau Parang Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 439 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 441 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 1 17 442 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium	433	715	Desa Kiltay	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Dropline	25	25
436 715 Desa Pantai Pos, Bula Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 10 17 437 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 2 3 438 715 Pulau Parang Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 439 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 P. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 P.P. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 P.P. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 11 447 715 P.P. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 <td>434</td> <td>715</td> <td>Desa Namalena</td> <td>Seram Bagian Timur</td> <td>Nano</td> <td>Dropline</td> <td>26</td> <td>26</td>	434	715	Desa Namalena	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Dropline	26	26
437 715 Desa Waru Seram Bagian Timur Nano Longline 2 3 438 715 Pulau Parang Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 439 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 1 3 441 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 P.P. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 1 17 445 715 P.P. Sorong Sorong Small Trap	435	715	Desa Pantai Pos, Bula	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Dropline	10	17
438 715 Pulau Parang Seram Bagian Timur Nano Dropline 10 17 439 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 441 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 1 17 445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 1 12 447 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22	436	715	Desa Pantai Pos, Bula	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Longline	10	17
439 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Dropline 2 6 440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Trap 1 3 441 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 1 18 448 715 BeP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bejugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 1 22	437	715	Desa Waru	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Longline	2	3
440 715 Desa Kali Remu Sorong Nano Trap 1 3 441 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 3 20 443 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 1 17 445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 1 153 448 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 10 6 449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 <t< td=""><td>438</td><td>715</td><td>Pulau Parang</td><td>Seram Bagian Timur</td><td>Nano</td><td>Dropline</td><td>10</td><td>17</td></t<>	438	715	Pulau Parang	Seram Bagian Timur	Nano	Dropline	10	17
441 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 4 75 442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Small Dropline 3 20 443 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Longline 1 17 445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Mano Dropline 3 11 447 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 1 12 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 1 22 18 448 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 469 451 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 2	439	715	Desa Kali Remu	Sorong	Nano	Dropline	2	6
442 715 Jembatan Puri Sorong Sorong Small Dropline 3 20 443 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Longline 1 17 445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Nano Dropline 3 11 447 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 10 6 449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 450 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 4	440	715	Desa Kali Remu	Sorong	Nano	Trap	1	3
443 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Dropline 9 170 444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Longline 1 17 445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Nano Dropline 3 11 447 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 10 6 449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 450 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 24 192 452 716 Giring-giring Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454	441	715	Jembatan Puri Sorong	Sorong	Medium	Dropline	4	75
444 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Longline 1 17 445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Nano Dropline 3 11 447 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 10 6 449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 450 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 453 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455	442	715	Jembatan Puri Sorong	Sorong	Small	Dropline	3	20
445 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Medium Trap 10 153 446 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Nano Dropline 3 11 447 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 10 6 449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 450 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Giring-giring Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 453 716 Labuan Cermin Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 455	443	715	PP. Sorong	Sorong	Medium	Dropline	9	170
446715PP. SorongSorongNanoDropline311447715PP. SorongSorongSmallTrap218448715BajuganTolitoliNanoDropline106449716Biduk-bidukBerauMediumDropline122450716Biduk-bidukBerauNanoDropline2369451716Desa Tanjung BatuBerauNanoDropline64192452716Giring-giringBerauNanoDropline2266453716Labuan CerminBerauNanoDropline13454716P. DerawanBerauNanoDropline2060455716Pantai HarapanBerauNanoDropline2060456716Tanjung BatuBerauNanoTrap618457716Tanjung BatuBerauSmallTrap18458716Teluk SulaimanBerauNanoDropline2987459716Desa SampiroBolaang Mongondow UtaraNanoDropline114460716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDro	444	715	PP. Sorong	Sorong	Medium	Longline	1	17
447 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 10 6 449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 450 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 64 192 452 716 Giring-giring Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 453 716 Labuan Cermin Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 1 8 458 <	445	715		Sorong	Medium	Trap	10	153
447 715 PP. Sorong Sorong Small Trap 2 18 448 715 Bajugan Tolitoli Nano Dropline 10 6 449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 450 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 64 192 452 716 Giring-giring Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 453 716 Labuan Cermin Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 1 8 458 <	446	715	PP. Sorong	Sorong	Nano	Dropline	3	11
449 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Medium Dropline 1 22 450 716 Biduk-biduk Berau Nano Dropline 23 69 451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 64 192 452 716 Giring-giring Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 453 716 Labuan Cermin Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 6 18 457 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Small Trap 1 8 458 716 Teluk Sulaiman Berau Nano Dropline 29 87 459	447	715	PP. Sorong		Small	Trap	2	18
450716Biduk-bidukBerauNanoDropline2369451716Desa Tanjung BatuBerauNanoDropline64192452716Giring-giringBerauNanoDropline2266453716Labuan CerminBerauNanoDropline13454716P. DerawanBerauNanoTrap47455716Pantai HarapanBerauNanoDropline2060456716Tanjung BatuBerauNanoTrap618457716Tanjung BatuBerauSmallTrap18458716Teluk SulaimanBerauNanoDropline2987459716Desa SampiroBolaang Mongondow UtaraNanoDropline114460716Desa BulontioGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267	448	715	Bajugan	Tolitoli	Nano	Dropline	10	6
451 716 Desa Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Dropline 64 192 452 716 Giring-giring Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 453 716 Labuan Cermin Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 6 18 457 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Small Trap 1 8 458 716 Teluk Sulaiman Berau Nano Dropline 29 87 459 716 Desa Sampiro Bolaang Mongondow Utara Nano Dropline 11 4 460 716 Desa Buluwatu Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 21 16 462 716 Desa Huntokalo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline	449	716	Biduk-biduk	Berau	Medium	Dropline	1	22
452 716 Giring-giring Berau Nano Dropline 22 66 453 716 Labuan Cermin Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 6 18 457 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Small Trap 1 8 458 716 Teluk Sulaiman Berau Nano Dropline 29 87 459 716 Desa Sampiro Bolaang Mongondow Utara Nano Dropline 11 4 460 716 Desa Buluwatu Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 21 16 462 716 Desa Huntokalo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 10 3	450	716	Biduk-biduk	Berau	Nano	Dropline	23	69
453 716 Labuan Cermin Berau Nano Dropline 1 3 454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 6 18 457 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Small Trap 1 8 458 716 Teluk Sulaiman Berau Nano Dropline 29 87 459 716 Desa Sampiro Bolaang Mongondow Utara Nano Dropline 11 4 460 716 Desa Bulontio Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 21 16 461 716 Desa Buluwatu Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 21 16 462 716 Desa Huntokalo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 10 3	451	716	Desa Tanjung Batu	Berau	Nano	Dropline	64	192
454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 6 18 457 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Small Trap 1 8 458 716 Teluk Sulaiman Berau Nano Dropline 29 87 459 716 Desa Sampiro Bolaang Mongondow Utara Nano Dropline 11 4 460 716 Desa Bulontio Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 11 5 461 716 Desa Buluwatu Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 21 16 462 716 Desa Huntokalo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 10 3 463 716 Desa Tihengo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 26 <	452	716	Giring-giring	Berau	Nano	Dropline	22	66
454 716 P. Derawan Berau Nano Trap 4 7 455 716 Pantai Harapan Berau Nano Dropline 20 60 456 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Nano Trap 6 18 457 716 Tanjung Batu Berau Small Trap 1 8 458 716 Teluk Sulaiman Berau Nano Dropline 29 87 459 716 Desa Sampiro Bolaang Mongondow Utara Nano Dropline 11 4 460 716 Desa Bulontio Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 11 5 461 716 Desa Buluwatu Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 21 16 462 716 Desa Huntokalo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 10 3 463 716 Desa Tihengo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 26 <	453	716	Labuan Cermin	Berau	Nano	Dropline	1	3
455716Pantai HarapanBerauNanoDropline2060456716Tanjung BatuBerauNanoTrap618457716Tanjung BatuBerauSmallTrap18458716Teluk SulaimanBerauNanoDropline2987459716Desa SampiroBolaang Mongondow UtaraNanoDropline114460716Desa BulontioGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline115461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267			P. Derawan	Berau	Nano		4	
456716Tanjung BatuBerauNanoTrap618457716Tanjung BatuBerauSmallTrap18458716Teluk SulaimanBerauNanoDropline2987459716Desa SampiroBolaang Mongondow UtaraNanoDropline114460716Desa BulontioGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline115461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267								60
457716Tanjung BatuBerauSmallTrap18458716Teluk SulaimanBerauNanoDropline2987459716Desa SampiroBolaang Mongondow UtaraNanoDropline114460716Desa BulontioGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline115461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267			-					
458716Teluk SulaimanBerauNanoDropline2987459716Desa SampiroBolaang Mongondow UtaraNanoDropline114460716Desa BulontioGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline115461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267								8
459716Desa SampiroBolaang Mongondow Utara NanoDropline114460716Desa BulontioGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline115461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267								
460716Desa BulontioGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline115461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267								
461716Desa BuluwatuGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline2116462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267			=					
462716Desa HuntokaloGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline103463716Desa TihengoGorontalo UtaraNanoDropline267								
463 716 Desa Tihengo Gorontalo Utara Nano Dropline 26 7								
·								

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size		N	Total GT
465	716	Desa Lipang	Kepulauan Sangihe	Nano	Dropline	5	2
466	716	Desa Paruruang	Kepulauan Sangihe	Nano	Dropline	16	8
467	716	Desa Parururang	Kepulauan Sangihe	Nano	Dropline	5	2
468	716	Kampung Lipang	Kepulauan Sangihe	Nano	Dropline	5	1
469	716	Sangihe	Kepulauan Sangihe	Nano	Dropline	2	0
470	716	Tariang Baru	Kepulauan Sangihe	Nano	Longline	4	3
471	716	Buhias	Kepulauan Sitaro	Nano	Dropline	153	124
472	716	Mahongsawang Tagulandang	Kepulauan Sitaro	Nano	Dropline	8	4
473	716	Mongsawang	Kepulauan Sitaro	Nano	Dropline	16	6
474	716	Pulau Biaro	Kepulauan Sitaro	Nano	Dropline	29	7
475	716	Desa Damau	Kepulauan Talaud	Nano	Dropline	8	3
476	716	Dusun Bawunian	Kepulauan Talaud	Nano	Dropline	26	29
477	716	Belakang BRI, Selumit Pantai	Tarakan	Nano	Longline	46	138
478	716	Belakang BRI, Selumit Pantai	Tarakan	Small	Longline	4	20
479	716	Mamburungan Dalam	Tarakan	Nano	Dropline	48	144
480	717	Biak	Biak	Nano	Dropline	1796	1793
481	717	Desa Nikakamp	Biak	Nano	Dropline	4	7
482	717	Desa Tanjung Barari	Biak	Nano	Dropline	5	4
483	717	Fanindi Pantai	Manokwari	Nano	Dropline	10	26
484	717	Kampung Arowi 2	Manokwari	Nano	Dropline	4	9
485	717	Kampung Borobudur 2	Manokwari	Nano	Dropline	12	30
486	717	Kampung Fanindi	Manokwari	Nano	Dropline	20	22
487	717	Kampung Kimi	Nabire	Nano	Dropline	1	1
488	717	Kampung Smoker	Nabire	Nano	Dropline	4	9
489	717	Kampung Waharia	Nabire	Nano	Dropline	2	2
490	717	Pasar Kalibobo	Nabire	Nano	Dropline	1	4
491	717	PP. Sanoba	Nabire	Nano	Dropline	4	14
492	717	Wasior	Teluk Wondama	Nano	Dropline	19	23
493	718	PP. Nizam Zachman	Jakarta Utara	Large	Longline	4	205
494	718	Namatota	Kaimana	Large	Longline	1	72
495	718	Dusun Wamar Desa Durjela	Kepulauan Aru	Medium	Longline	4	73
496	718	PP. Bajomulyo	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Gillnet	1	82
497	718	PP. Benjina	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Longline	2	92
498	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Gillnet	8	527
499	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Longline	10	596
500	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Medium	Dropline	93	1658
501	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Medium	Gillnet	5	121
502	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Medium	Longline	10	185
503	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Nano	Dropline	11	30
504	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Nano	Longline	8	23
505	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Small	Dropline	7	56
506	718	PP. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Small	Longline	1	7
507	718	PP. Kaimana	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Longline	1	51
508	718	PP. Klidang Lor	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Gillnet	1	73
509	718	PP. Mayangan	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Longline	19	1405
510	718	PP. Merauke	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Longline	4	397
511	718	PP. Nizam Zachman	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Gillnet	1	92
512	718	PP. Pekalongan	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Gillnet	1	115
513	718	PU. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Gillnet	3	285
514	718	PU. Dobo	Kepulauan Aru	Large	Longline	36	2670
515	718	Saumlaki	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Nano	Dropline	37	109
516	718	Saumlaki	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Small	Dropline	1	5
517	718	Saumlaki	Kepulauan Tanimbar	Small	Longline	5	37
518	718	PP. Bajomulyo	Merauke	Large	Gillnet	1	91
519	718	PP. Merauke	Merauke	Large	Gillnet	48	3873
520	718	PP. Merauke	Merauke	Large	Longline	2	213
521	718	PP. Merauke	Merauke	Medium	Gillnet	5	138
522	718	PP. Nizam Zachman	Merauke	Large	Gillnet	13	841

Table 2.13: Total Number and Gross Tonnage of Snapper Fishing Boats by Main Target WPP, Registration Port, Home District (Kabupaten), Boat Size Category and Type of Fishing Gear. (Nano < 5 GT, Small 5-< 10 GT, Medium 10-30 GT, Large > 30 GT)

Row	WPP	Registration Port	Home District	Boat Size	Gear	N	Total GT
523	718	PP. Nizam Zachman	Merauke	Large	Longline	1	60
524	718	PP. Poumako	Merauke	Medium	Gillnet	3	88
525	718	PP. Tegal	Merauke	Large	Gillnet	1	148
526	718	PP. Bajomulyo	Mimika	Large	Longline	1	82
527	718	PP. Dobo	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	1	75
528	718	PP. Mayangan	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	1	129
529	718	PP. Merauke	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	2	123
530	718	PP. Merauke	Mimika	Medium	Gillnet	2	49
531	718	PP. Muara Angke	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	1	92
532	718	PP. Nizam Zachman	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	1	88
533	718	PP. Paumako	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	1	30
534	718	PP. Paumako	Mimika	Medium	Gillnet	2	58
535	718	PP. Pekalongan	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	1	112
536	718	PP. Pomako	Mimika	Medium	Gillnet	1	16
537	718	PP. Poumako	Mimika	Large	Gillnet	2	60
538	718	PP. Poumako	Mimika	Medium	Gillnet	12	284
539	718	PP. Poumako	Mimika	Small	Gillnet	3	28
540	718	Timika	Mimika	Medium	Longline	3	88
541	718	PP. Bajomulyo	Pati	Large	Longline	1	119
542	718	Bagansiapiapi	Probolinggo	Large	Longline	1	40
543	718	PP. Dobo	Probolinggo	Large	Longline	2	142
544	718	PP. Mayangan	Probolinggo	Large	Gillnet	3	124
545	718	PP. Mayangan	Probolinggo	Large	Longline	34	2103
546	718	PP. Mayangan	Probolinggo	Medium	Longline	7	199
547	718	Probolinggo	Probolinggo	Large	Longline	20	1460
548	718	PP. Lappa	Sinjai	Large	Dropline	1	35
549	718	PP. Lappa	Sinjai	Medium	Dropline	10	235
550	718	PP. Bajomulyo	Tual	Large	Longline	1	87
		TOTAL				11536	62678

2.5 I-Fish Community

I-Fish Community only stores data that are relevant to fisheries management, whereas data on processed volume and sales, from the Smart Weighing and Measuring System, remain on servers at processing companies. Access to the I-Fish Community database is controlled by user name and password. I-Fish Community has different layers of privacy, which is contingent on the user's role in the supply chain. For instance, boat owners may view exact location of their boats, but not of the boats of other owners.

I-Fish Community has an automatic length-frequency distribution reporting system for length-based assessment of the fishery by species. The database generates length frequency distribution graphs for each species, together with life history parameters including length at maturity (Lmat), optimum harvest size (Lopt: Beverton, 1992), asymptotic length (Linf), and maximum total length (Lmax). Procedures for estimation of these length based life history characteristics are explained in the "Guide to Length Based Stock Assessment" (Mous et al., 2020). The data base also includes size limits used in the trade. These "trade limit" lengths are derived from general buying behavior (minimal weight) of processing companies. The weights are converted into lengths by using species-specific length- weight relationships.

Each length frequency distribution is accompanied by an automated length-based assessment on current status of the fishery by species. Any I-Fish Community user can access these graphs and the conclusions from the assessments. The report produces an assessment for the 50 most abundant species in the fishery, based on complete catches from the most recent complete calendar year (to ensure full year data sets). Graphs for the Top 20 species show the position of the catch length frequency distributions relative to various life history parameter values and trading limits for each species. Relative abundance of specific size groups is plotted for all years for which data are available, to indicate trends in status by species.

Immature fish, small mature fish, large mature fish, and a subset of large mature fish, namely "mega-spawners", which are fish larger than 1.1 times the optimum harvest size (Froese 2004), make up the specific size groups used in our length based assessment. For all fish of each species in the catch, the percentage in each category is calculated for further use in the length based assessment. These percentages are calculated and presented as the first step in the length based assessment as follows: W% is immature (smaller than the length at maturity), X% is small matures (at or above size at maturity but smaller than the optimum harvest size), and Y% is large mature fish (at or above optimum harvest size). The percentage of mega-spawners is Z%.

The automated assessment comprises of five elements from the catch length frequencies. These elements all work with length based indicators of various kinds to draw conclusions from species specific length frequencies in the catch.

1. Minimum size as traded compared to length and maturity.

We use a comparison between the trade limit (minimum size accepted by the trade) and the size at maturity as an indicator for incentives from the trade for either unsustainable targeting of juveniles or for more sustainable targeting of mature fish that have spawned at least once. We consider a trade limit at 10% below or above the length at maturity to be significantly different from the length at maturity and we consider trade limits to provide incentives for targeting of specific sizes of fish through price differentiation.

IF "TradeLimit" is lower than 0.9 * L-mat THEN: "The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high."

ELSE, IF "TradeLimit" is greater than or equal to 0.9 * L-mat AND "TradeLimit" is lower than or equal to 1.1 * L-mat THEN: "The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium."

ELSE, IF "TradeLimit" is greater than 1.1 * L-mat THEN: "The trade limit is significantly higher than length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once. The trade does not cause any concern of recruitment overfishing for this species. Risk level is low."

2. Proportion of immature fish in the catch.

With 0% immature fish in the catch as an ideal target (Froese, 2004), a target of 10% or less is considered a reasonable indicator for sustainable (or safe) harvesting (Fujita et al., 2012; Vasilakopoulos et al., 2011). Zhang et al. (2009) consider 20% immature fish in the catch as an indicator for a fishery at risk, in their approach to an ecosystem based fisheries assessment. Results from meta-analysis over multiple fisheries showed stock status over a range of stocks to fall below precautionary limits at 30% or more immature fish in the catch (Vasilakopoulos et al., 2011). The fishery is considered highly at risk when more than 50% of the fish in the catch are immature (Froese et al, 2016).

IF "% immature" is lower than or equal to 10% THEN: "At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low."

ELSE, IF "% immature" is greater than 10% AND "% immature" is lower than or equal to 20% THEN: "Between 10% and 20% of the fish in the catch are juveniles that have not yet reproduced. There is no immediate concern in terms of overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles, but the fishery needs to be monitored closely for any further increase in this indicator and incentives need to be geared towards targeting larger fish. Risk level is medium."

ELSE, IF "% immature" is greater than 20% AND "% immature" is lower than or equal to 30% THEN: "Between 20% and 30% of the fish in the catch are specimens that have not yet reproduced. This is reason for concern in terms of potential overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high and percentages immature fish would further rise. Targeting larger fish and avoiding small fish in the catch will promote a sustainable fishery. Risk level is medium."

ELSE, IF "% immature" is greater than 30% AND "% immature" is lower than or equal to 50% THEN: "Between 30% and 50% of the fish in the catch are immature and have not had a chance to reproduce before capture. The fishery is in immediate danger of overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high. Catching small and immature fish needs to be actively avoided and a limit on overall fishing pressure is warranted. Risk level is high."

ELSE, IF "% immature" is greater than 50% THEN: "The majority of the fish in the catch have not had a chance to reproduce before capture. This fishery is most likely overfished already if fishing mortality is high for all size classes in the population. An immediate shift away from targeting juvenile fish and a reduction in overall fishing pressure is essential to prevent collapse of the stock. Risk level is high."

3. Current exploitation level.

We use the current exploitation level expressed as the percentage of fish in the catch below the optimum harvest size as an indicator for fisheries status. We consider a proportion of 65% of the fish (i.e. the vast majority in numbers) in the catch below the optimum harvest size as an indicator for growth overfishing. We therefore consider a majority in the catch around or above the optimum harvest size (large matures) as an indicator for minimizing the impact of fishing (Froese et al., 2016). This indicator will be achieved when less than 50% of the fish in the catch are below the optimum harvest size.

IF "% immature + % small mature" is greater than or equal to 65% THEN: "The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high."

ELSE, IF "% immature + % small mature" is lower than or equal to 50% THEN: "The majority of the catch consists of size classes around or above the optimum harvest size (large mature fish). This means that the impact of the fishery is minimized for this species. Potentially higher yields of this species could be achieved by catching them at somewhat smaller size, although capture of smaller specimen may take place already in other fisheries. Risk level is low."

ELSE, IF "% immature + % small mature" is greater than 50% AND "% immature + % small mature" is lower than 65% THEN: "The bulk of the catch includes age groups that have just matured and are about to achieve their full growth potential. This indicates that the fishery is probably at least being fully exploited. Risk level is medium."

4. Proportion of mega spawners in the catch.

Mega spawners are fish larger than 1.1 times the optimum harvest size. We consider a proportion of 30% or more mega spawners in the catch to be a sign of a healthy population (Froese, 2004), whereas lower proportions are increasingly leading to concerns, with proportions below 20% indicating great risk to the fishery.

IF "% mega spawners" is greater than 30% THEN: "More than 30% of the catch consists of mega spawners which indicates that this fish population is in good health unless large amounts of much smaller fish from the same population are caught by other fisheries. Risk level is low."

ELSE, IF "% mega spawners" is greater than 20% AND "% mega spawners" is lower than or equal to 30% THEN: "The percentage of mega spawners is between 20 and 30%. There is no immediate reason for concern, though fishing pressure may be significantly reducing the percentage of mega-spawners, which may negatively affect the reproductive output of this population. Risk level is medium."

ELSE, IF "% mega spawners" is lower than or equal to 20%, THEN: "Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

5. Spawning Potential Ratio.

As an indicator for Spawning Potential Ratio (SPR, Quinn and Deriso, 1999), we used the estimated spawning stock biomass as a fraction of the spawning stock biomass of that population if it would have been pristine (Meester et al 2001). We calculated SPR on a per-recruit basis from life-history parameters M, F, K, and Linf, and from gear selectivity parameters in the smaller part of the size spectrum caught by the fishery.

We estimated the instantaneous total mortality (Z) from the equilibrium Beverton-Holt estimator from length data using Ehrhardt and Ault (1992) bias-correction, implemented through the function bheq of the R Fishmethods package. For this estimation, we used the length range of the catch length-frequency distribution starting with the length 5% higher than the modal length and ending with the 99th percentile. We assumed that Z, and its constituents M and F, were constant over length range that we used to estimate Z. We calculated F (fishing mortality) as the difference between Z and M, assuming full selectivity for the size range starting at modal length and ending with the largest fish in the catch. We assumed an S-shaped (logistic) selectivity curve, with 99% selectivity achieved at modal length, and with the length at 50% selectivity halfway between the first percentile and modal length of the catch length-frequency distribution.

Gislason et al (2010) provides evidence that M increases with decreasing length, and fisheries scientists agree that the smaller size classes of each fish species experience higher mortality than larger fish due to higher predation risk. The method we used for calculating Z, however, assumes a Z that is constant, implicating a constant M, over the length range over which we estimated Z. To iron out this inconsistency, we applied the Gislason et al (2010) empirical relationship to the length classes (1 cm width) over which we estimated Z, we calculated the average M over these size classes, and we applied that average to the Z estimation range. Outside this range (i.e., at lengths below 1.05 times modal length and lengths above the 99th percentile), we assumed a varying M following Gislason's formula (Mous et al., 2020).

In a perfect world, fishery biologists would know what the appropriate SPR should be for every harvested stock based on the biology of that stock. Generally, however, not enough is known about managed stocks to be so precise. However, studies show that some stocks (depending on the species of fish) can maintain themselves if the spawning stock biomass per recruit can be kept at 20 to 35% (or more) of what it was in the un-fished stock. Lower values of SPR may lead to severe stock declines (Wallace and Fletcher, 2001). Froese et al. (2016) considered a total population biomass B of half the pristine population biomass Bo to be the lower limit reference point for stock size, minimizing the impact of fishing. Using SPR and B/Bo estimates from our own data set, this Froese et al. (2016) lower limit reference point correlates with an SPR of about 40%, not far from but slightly more conservative than the Wallace and Fletcher (2001) reference point. We chose an SPR of 40% as our reference point for low risk and after similar comparisons

we consider and SPR between 25% and 40% to represent a medium risk situation. Risk levels on the basis of SPR estimates are determined as follows:

IF "SPR" is lower than 25% THEN: "SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high."

ELSE, IF "SPR" is greater than or equal to 25% AND "SPR" is lower than 40% THEN: "SPR is between 25% and 40%. The stock is heavily exploited, and there is some risk that the fishery will cause further decline of the stock. Risk level is medium."

ELSE, IF "SPR" is greater than or equal to 40% THEN: "SPR is more than 40%. The stock is probably not over exploited, and the risk that the fishery will cause further stock decline is small. Risk level is low."

3 Fishing grounds and traceability

Fish landings made at ports in any specific WPP are not necessarily originating from fishing grounds within that same WPP. This is especially true for snappers, groupers and emperors landed and processed in Java, on the coast of WPP 712 and in South Sulawesi, on the coast of WPP 713. The issue of landings originating from multiple WPP is illustrated clearly by the fish that are processed in major processing centres like Probolinggo in East Java, on the coast of WPP 712. These fish commonly originate from a number of different fleets that can operate throughout the waters of Western, Central and Eastern Indonesian, including on distant fishing grounds in the Natuna Sea (WPP 711), the Timor Sea (WPP 573), and the Arafura Sea (WPP 718). Most of the demersal fish caught in WPP 571 however, is landed in North Sumatra and sent to processing centres in the Riau Islands, in Jakarta or exported directly to Malaysia and Singapore.

The current report with length based stock assessments for groupers, snappers, emperors and grunts in WPP 571 is based on catches that were made on WPP 571 fishing grounds only, regardless of vessel origin or landing place. SPOT Trace tracking devices on cooperating vessels indicate where catches are actually made, as dates on CODRS images can be related to locations of fishing vessels on the fishing grounds. Even without linking SPOT locations to CODRS data it is possible to distinguish between steaming and fishing activity, when SPOT data are plotted on the maps of the fishing grounds (Figures 3.1 to 3.3). Catches are allocated in our analysis to a specific WPP when SPOT data indicate that the vessel was mostly fishing in that particular WPP during the trip that the catches were photographed.

Fishing vessels from many home ports along the coast of the southern Andaman Sea and the Malacca Strait (Figures 3.4 to 3.5) operate in WPP 571 as well as in Thai and Malaysian waters. The Spot Trace data from the southern Andaman Sea and Malacca Strait snapper and grouper fisheries illustrate that effective management by WPP is only possible in close coordination with fisheries management in the neighbouring WPP, in neighbouring provinces and even in neighbouring countries.

Coordination of management across WPP boundaries is especially important when fishing grounds are continues across those boundaries, with fish stocks spread over multiple WPP, and when fishing fleets freely move across WPP boundaries to target these stocks. In the case of the snapper fisheries in WPP 571, many vessels are fishing right around the international borders, regularly fishing in foreign waters.

Potential IUU issues related to fish landed at ports in WPP 571 include the illegal operation by various fleets outside Indonesian waters in the Malacca Strait and in the southern Andaman Sea, in Thai and Malaysian waters. Additional issues include the under marking of medium scale vessels to below 30GT, the licensing of the various fleets for various WPP and the operation of fleets inside Marine Protected Areas.

All this needs to be discussed with fishing boat captains, fish processors and traders, to prevent issues of supply line "pollution" with IUU fish. Maps with projections of SPOT trace data that illustrate the fishing grounds can be helpful tools in support of those discussions.



Figure 3.1: Fishing positions of dropliners participating in the CODRS program over the years 2014 - 2019 in WPP 571, as reported by Spot Trace. Reported positions during steaming, anchoring, or docking are excluded from this map.

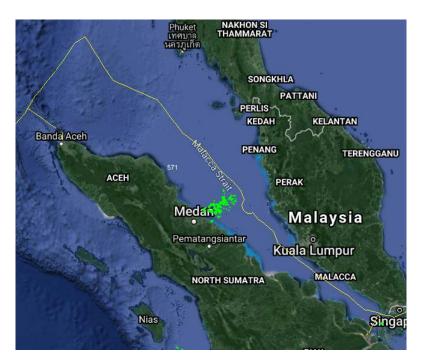


Figure 3.2: Fishing positions of longliners participating in the CODRS program over the years 2014 - 2019 in WPP 571, as reported by Spot Trace. Reported positions during steaming, anchoring, or docking are excluded from this map.

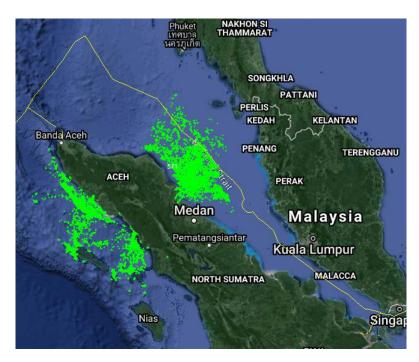


Figure 3.3: Fishing positions of vessels applying more than one gear, participating in the CODRS program over the years 2014 - 2019 in WPP 571, as reported by Spot Trace. Gears used by the vessels in this group are a combination of droplines, longlines, traps, and gillnets. Reported positions during steaming, anchoring, or docking are excluded from this map.

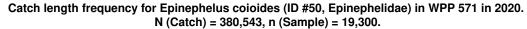


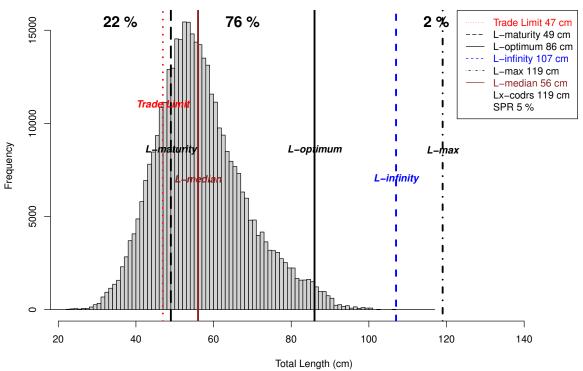
Figure 3.4: A typical snapper fishing boat from Langkat, Sumatera Utara, operating in the Malacca Strait (WPP 571) and on nearby fishing grounds.



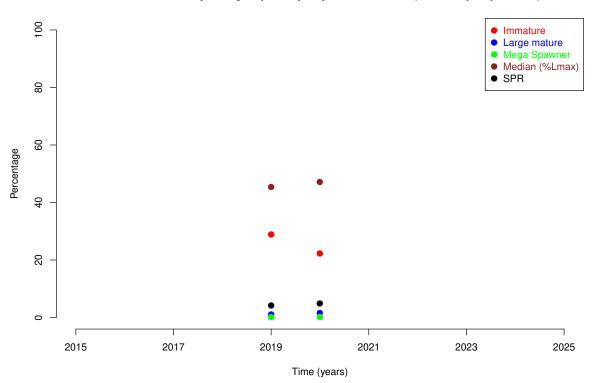
Figure 3.5: A typical snapper fishing boat from Aceh Tamiang, Aceh, operating in the Malacca Strait (WPP 571) and on nearby fishing grounds.

4 Length-based assessments of Top 20 most abundant species in CODRS samples





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus coioides (ID #50, Epinephelidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Epinephelus coioides (ID #50, Epinephelidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 380,543, n (Sample) = 19,300

Immature (< 49cm): 22%

Small mature (>= 49cm, < 86cm): 76%

Large mature (>= 86cm): 2%

Mega spawner (≥ 94.6 cm): 0% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 5 %

The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium.

Between 20% and 30% of the fish in the catch are specimens that have not yet reproduced. This is reason for concern in terms of potential overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high and percentages immature fish would further rise. Targeting larger fish and avoiding small fish in the catch will promote a sustainable fishery. Risk level is medium.

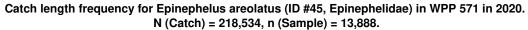
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

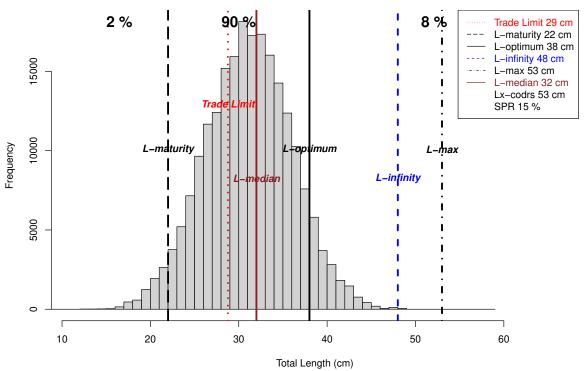
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

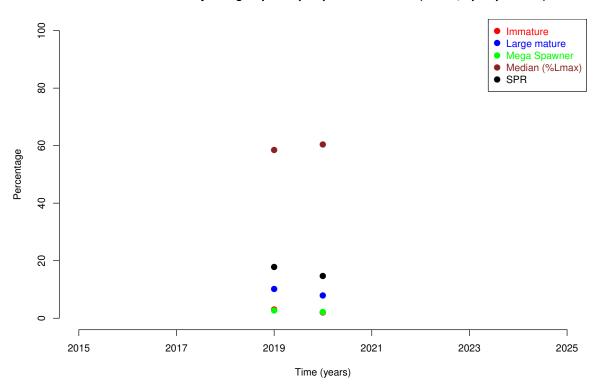
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus coioides (ID #50, Epinephelidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus areolatus (ID #45, Epinephelidae) in WPP 571



The percentages of Epinephelus areolatus (ID #45, Epinephelidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 218,534, n (Sample) = 13,888

Immature (< 22cm): 2%

Small mature (>= 22cm, < 38cm): 90%

Large mature (>= 38cm): 8%

Mega spawner (≥ 41.8 cm): 2% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 15 %

The trade limit is significantly higher than length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once. The trade does not cause any concern of recruitment overfishing for this species. Risk level is low.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

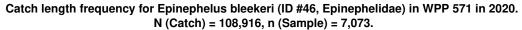
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

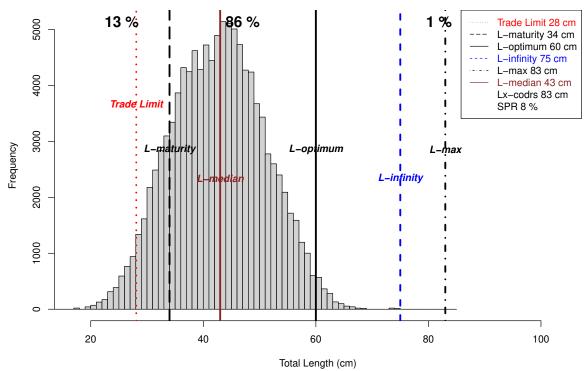
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

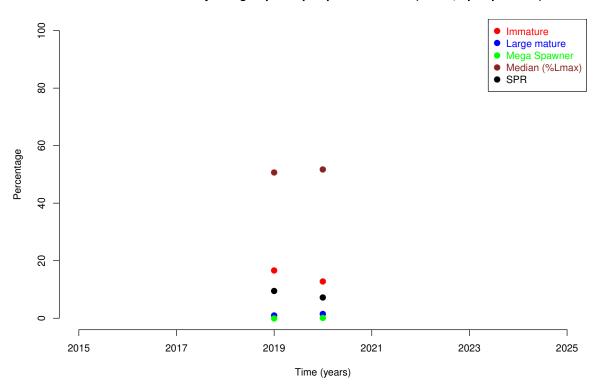
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus areolatus (ID #45, Epinephelidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus bleekeri (ID #46, Epinephelidae) in WPP 571.



```
The percentages of Epinephelus bleekeri (ID \#46, Epinephelidae) in 2020.
```

N (Catch) = 108,916, n (Sample) = 7,073

Immature (< 34cm): 13%

Small mature (>= 34cm, < 60cm): 86%

Large mature (>= 60cm): 1%

Mega spawner (>= 66cm): 0% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 8 %

The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high.

Between 10% and 20% of the fish in the catch are juveniles that have not yet reproduced. There is no immediate concern in terms of overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles, but the fishery needs to be monitored closely for any further increase in this indicator and incentives need to be geared towards targeting larger fish. Risk level is medium.

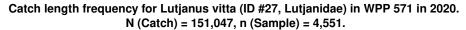
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

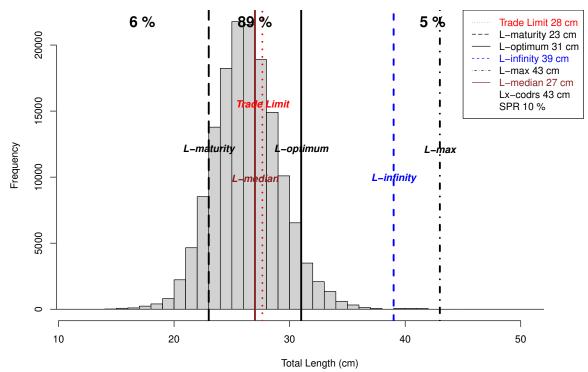
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

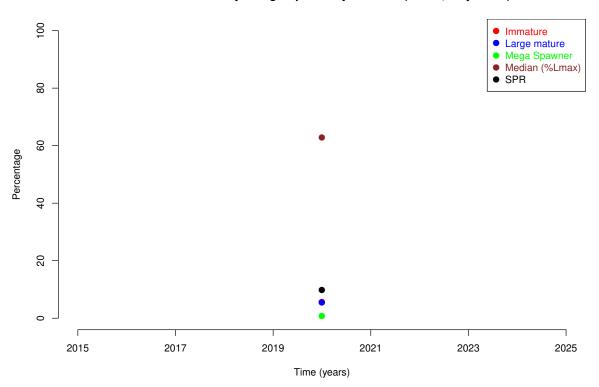
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus bleekeri (ID #46, Epinephelidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus vitta (ID #27, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571.



```
The percentages of Lutjanus vitta (ID \#27, Lutjanidae) in 2020.
```

N (Catch) = 151,047, n (Sample) = 4,551

Immature (< 23cm): 6%

Small mature (>= 23cm, < 31cm): 89%

Large mature (>= 31cm): 5%

Mega spawner (>= 34.1cm): 1% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 10 %

The trade limit is significantly higher than length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once. The trade does not cause any concern of recruitment overfishing for this species. Risk level is low.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

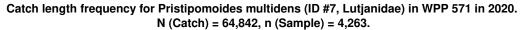
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

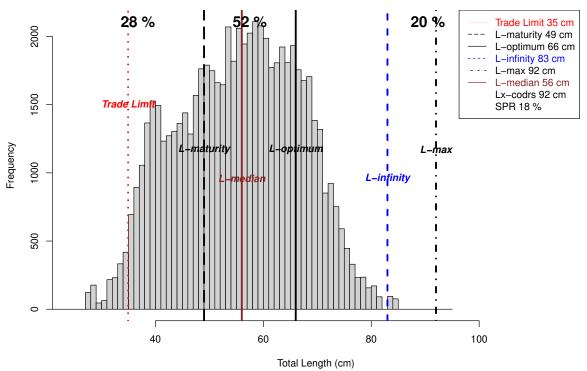
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

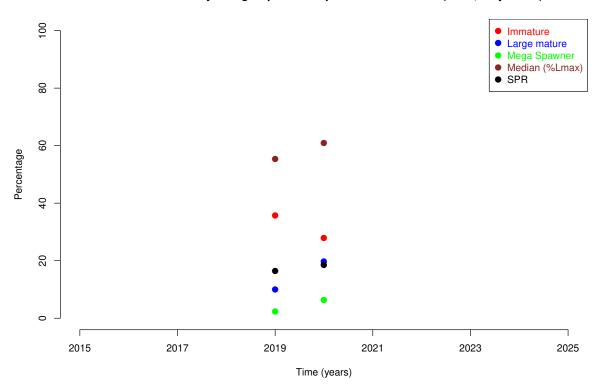
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus vitta (ID #27, Lutjanidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Pristipomoides multidens (ID #7, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Pristipomoides multidens (ID #7, Lutjanidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 64,842, n (Sample) = 4,263

Immature (< 49cm): 28%

Small mature (>= 49 cm, < 66 cm): 52%

Large mature (>= 66cm): 20%

Mega spawner (≥ 72.6 cm): 6% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 18 %

The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high.

Between 20% and 30% of the fish in the catch are specimens that have not yet reproduced. This is reason for concern in terms of potential overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high and percentages immature fish would further rise. Targeting larger fish and avoiding small fish in the catch will promote a sustainable fishery. Risk level is medium.

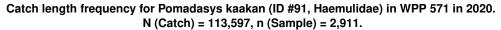
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

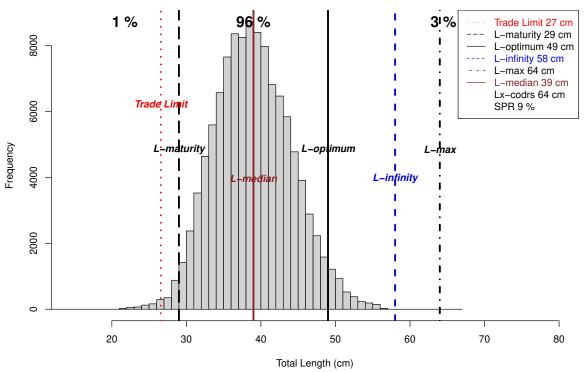
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

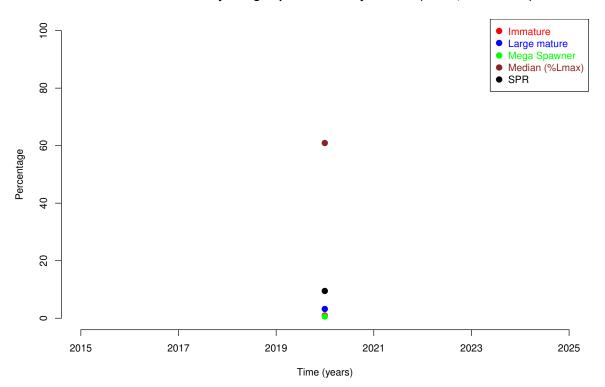
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Pristipomoides multidens (ID #7, Lutjanidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Pomadasys kaakan (ID #91, Haemulidae) in WPP 571.



```
The percentages of Pomadasys kaakan (ID \#91, Haemulidae) in 2020.
```

N (Catch) = 113,597, n (Sample) = 2,911

Immature (< 29cm): 1%

Small mature (>= 29 cm, < 49 cm): 96%

Large mature (>= 49cm): 3%

Mega spawner (>= 53.9cm): 1% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 9 %

The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

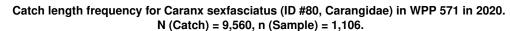
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

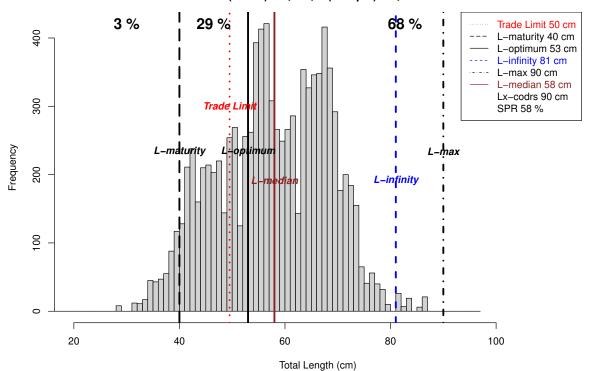
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

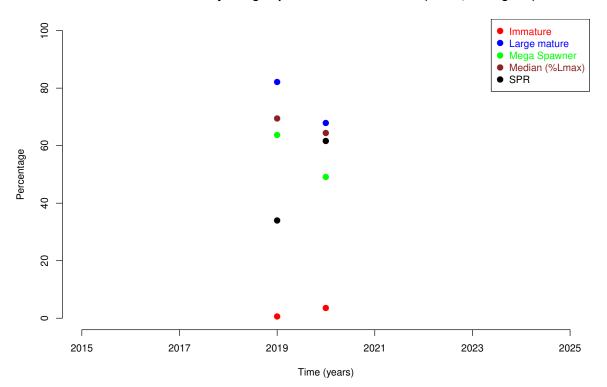
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Pomadasys kaakan (ID #91, Haemulidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Caranx sexfasciatus (ID #80, Carangidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Caranx sexfasciatus (ID #80, Carangidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 9,560, n (Sample) = 1,106

Immature (< 40cm): 3%

Small mature (>= 40 cm, < 53 cm): 29%

Large mature (>= 53cm): 68%

Mega spawner (>= 58.3cm): 49% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 58 %

The trade limit is significantly higher than length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once. The trade does not cause any concern of recruitment overfishing for this species. Risk level is low.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

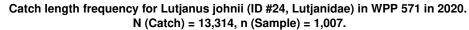
The majority of the catch consists of size classes around or above the optimum harvest size. This means that the impact of the fishery is minimized for this species. Potentially higher yields of this species could be achieved by catching them at somewhat smaller size, although capture of smaller specimen may take place already in other fisheries. Risk level is low.

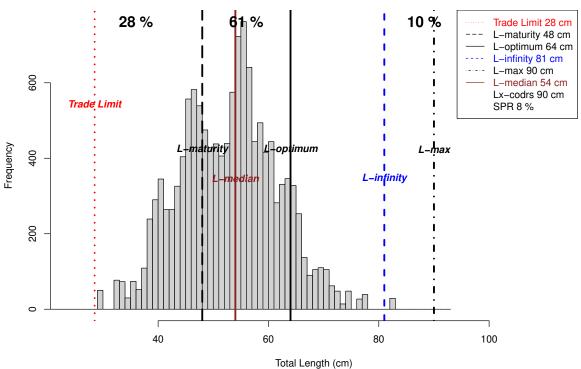
More than 30% of the catch consists of mega spawners which indicates that this fish population is in good health unless large amounts of much smaller fish from the same population are caught by other fisheries. Risk level is low.

SPR is more than 40%. The stock is probably not over exploited, and the risk that the fishery will cause further stock decline is small. Risk level is low.

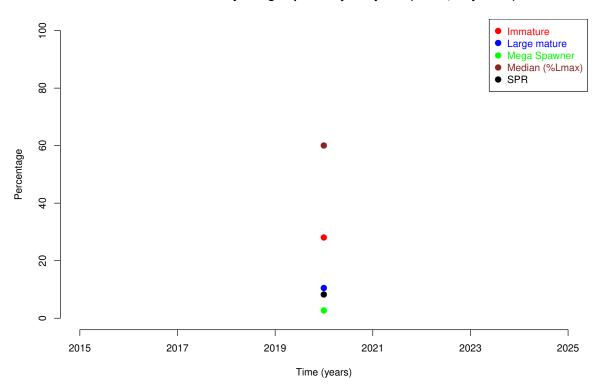
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Caranx sexfasciatus (ID #80, Carangidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus johnii (ID #24, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Lutjanus johnii (ID #24, Lutjanidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 13,314, n (Sample) = 1,007

Immature (< 48cm): 28%

Small mature (>= 48cm, < 64cm): 61%

Large mature (>= 64cm): 10%

Mega spawner (≥ 70.4 cm): 3% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 8 %

The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high.

Between 20% and 30% of the fish in the catch are specimens that have not yet reproduced. This is reason for concern in terms of potential overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high and percentages immature fish would further rise. Targeting larger fish and avoiding small fish in the catch will promote a sustainable fishery. Risk level is medium.

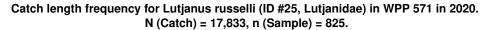
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

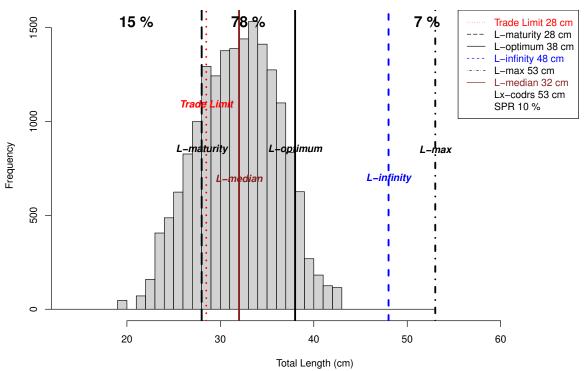
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

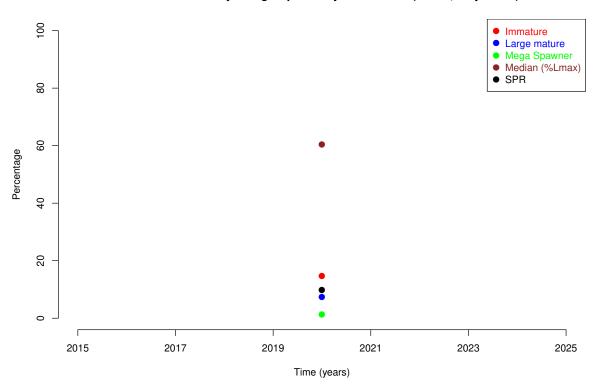
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus johnii (ID #24, Lutjanidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus russelli (ID #25, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571.



```
The percentages of Lutjanus russelli (ID \#25, Lutjanidae) in 2020.
```

N (Catch) = 17,833, n (Sample) = 825

Immature (< 28cm): 15%

Small mature (>= 28cm, < 38cm): 78%

Large mature (>= 38cm): 7%

Mega spawner (>= 41.8cm): 1% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 10 %

The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium.

Between 10% and 20% of the fish in the catch are juveniles that have not yet reproduced. There is no immediate concern in terms of overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles, but the fishery needs to be monitored closely for any further increase in this indicator and incentives need to be geared towards targeting larger fish. Risk level is medium.

The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

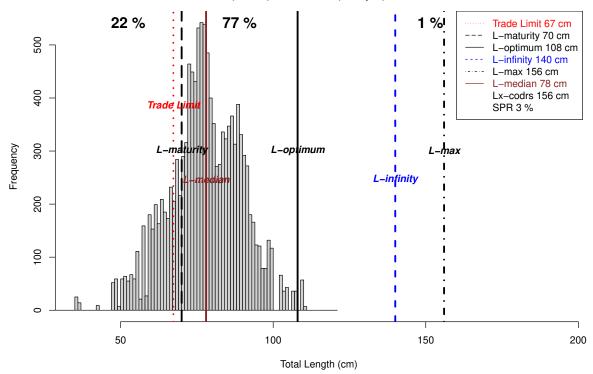
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

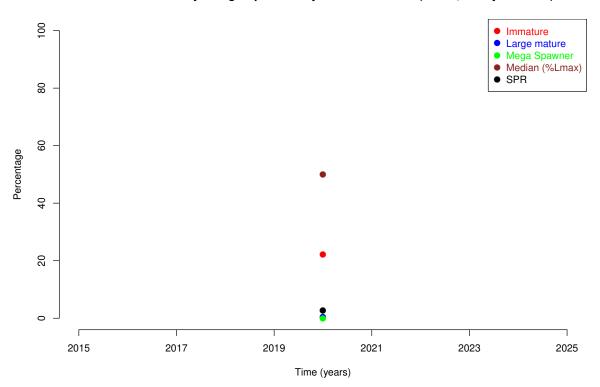
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus russelli (ID #25, Lutjanidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.

Catch length frequency for Rachycentron canadum (ID #98, Rachycentridae) in WPP 571 in 2020. N (Catch) = 12,580, n (Sample) = 549.



Trends in relative abundance by size group for Rachycentron canadum (ID #98, Rachycentridae) in WPP 57



The percentages of Rachycentron canadum (ID #98, Rachycentridae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 12,580, n (Sample) = 549

Immature (< 70cm): 22%

Small mature (>= 70 cm, < 108 cm): 77%

Large mature (>= 108cm): 1%

Mega spawner (>= 118.8cm): 0% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 3 %

The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium.

Between 20% and 30% of the fish in the catch are specimens that have not yet reproduced. This is reason for concern in terms of potential overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high and percentages immature fish would further rise. Targeting larger fish and avoiding small fish in the catch will promote a sustainable fishery. Risk level is medium.

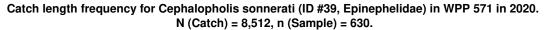
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

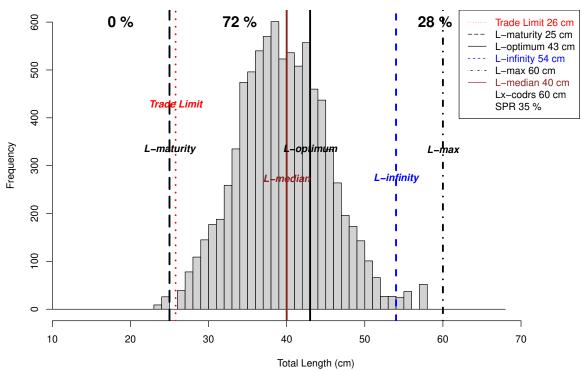
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

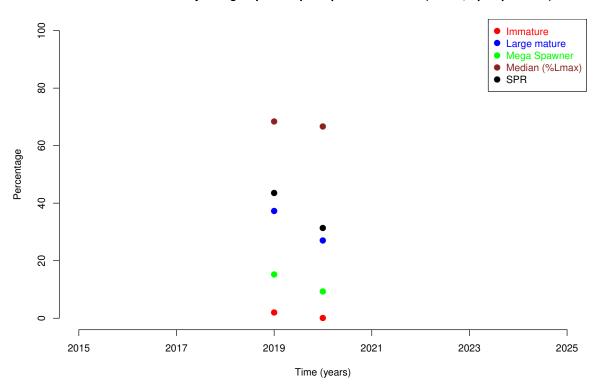
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Rachycentron canadum (ID #98, Rachycentridae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Cephalopholis sonnerati (ID #39, Epinephelidae) in WPP 57



The percentages of Cephalopholis sonnerati (ID #39, Epinephelidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 8,512, n (Sample) = 630

Immature (< 25cm): 0%

Small mature (>= 25cm, < 43cm): 72%

Large mature (>= 43cm): 28%

Mega spawner (>= 47.3cm): 10% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 35 %

The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

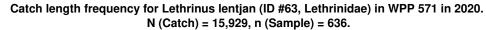
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

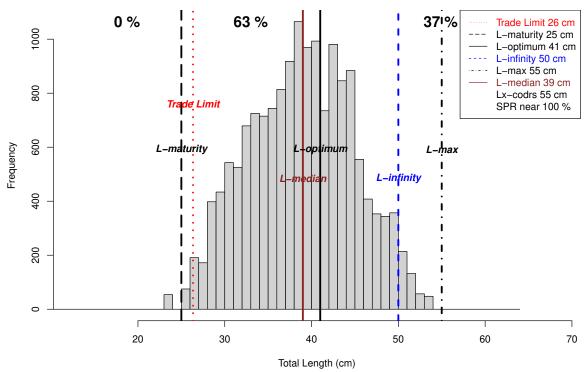
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is between 25% and 40%. The stock is heavily exploited, and there is some risk that the fishery will cause further decline of the stock. Risk level is medium.

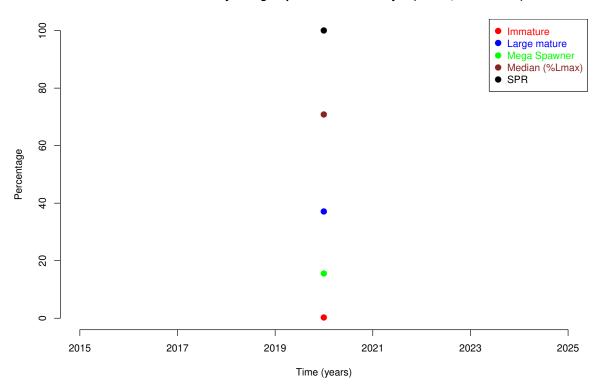
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Cephalopholis sonnerati (ID #39, Epinephelidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lethrinus lentjan (ID #63, Lethrinidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Lethrinus lentjan (ID #63, Lethrinidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 15,929, n (Sample) = 636

Immature (< 25cm): 0%

Small mature (>= 25cm, < 41cm): 63%

Large mature (>= 41cm): 37%

Mega spawner (>= 45.1cm): 15% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: near 100 %

The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

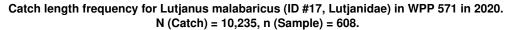
The bulk of the catch includes age groups that have just matured and are about to achieve their full growth potential. This indicates that the fishery is probably at least being fully exploited. Risk level is medium.

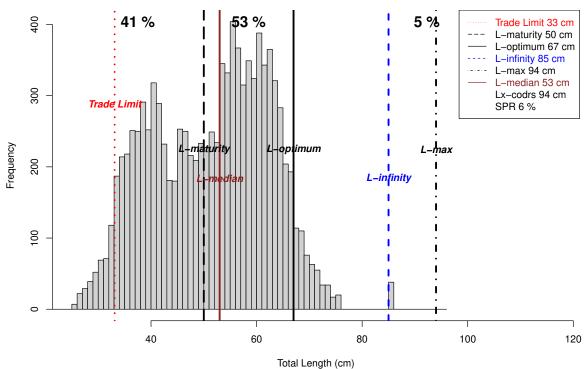
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is more than 40%. The stock is probably not over exploited, and the risk that the fishery will cause further stock decline is small. Risk level is low.

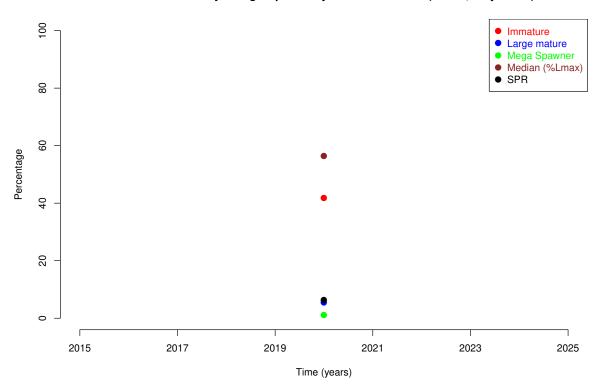
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lethrinus lentjan (ID #63, Lethrinidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus malabaricus (ID #17, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Lutjanus malabaricus (ID #17, Lutjanidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 10,235, n (Sample) = 608

Immature (< 50cm): 41%

Small mature (>= 50 cm, < 67 cm): 53%

Large mature (>= 67cm): 5%

Mega spawner (≥ 73.7 cm): 1% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 6 %

The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high.

Between 30% and 50% of the fish in the catch are immature and have not had a chance to reproduce before capture. The fishery is in immediate danger of overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high. Catching small and immature fish needs to be actively avoided and a limit on overall fishing pressure is warranted. Risk level is high.

The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

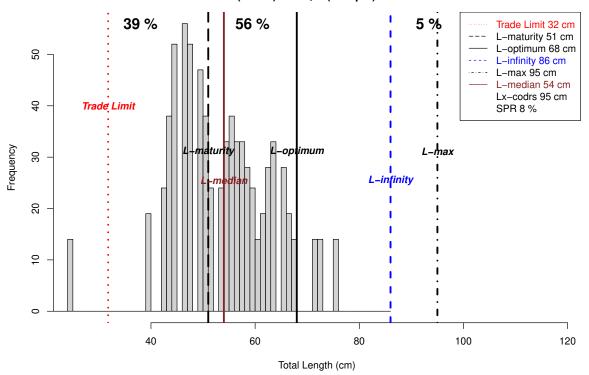
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

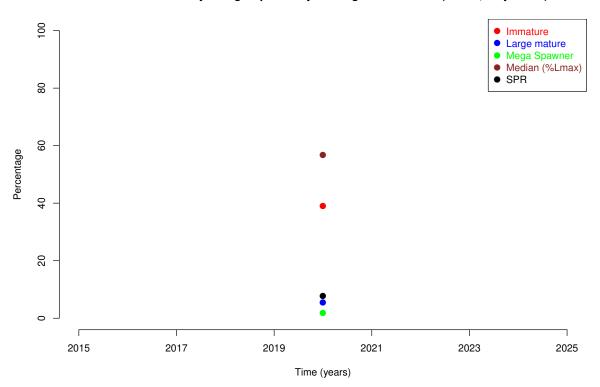
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus malabaricus (ID #17, Lutjanidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.

Catch length frequency for Lutjanus argentimaculatus (ID #15, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571 in 2020. N (Catch) = 774, n (Sample) = 300.



Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus argentimaculatus (ID #15, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571



The percentages of Lutjanus argentimaculatus (ID #15, Lutjanidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 774, n (Sample) = 300

Immature (< 51cm): 39%

Small mature (>= 51 cm, < 68 cm): 56%

Large mature (>= 68cm): 5%

Mega spawner (≥ 74.8 cm): 2% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 8 %

The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high.

Between 30% and 50% of the fish in the catch are immature and have not had a chance to reproduce before capture. The fishery is in immediate danger of overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high. Catching small and immature fish needs to be actively avoided and a limit on overall fishing pressure is warranted. Risk level is high.

The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

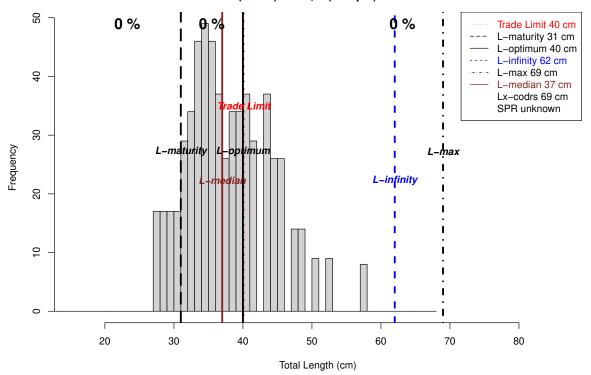
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

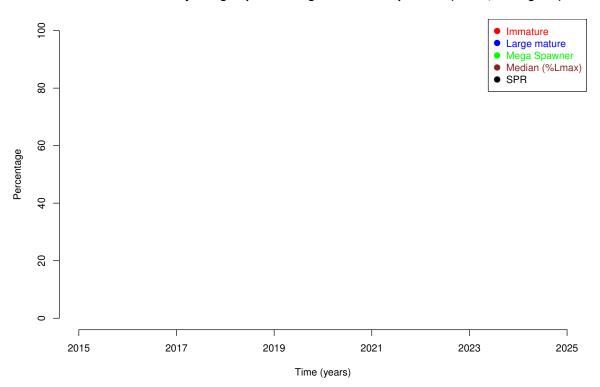
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Lutjanus argentimaculatus (ID #15, Lutjanidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.

Catch length frequency for Carangoides coeruleopinnatus (ID #72, Carangidae) in WPP 571 in 2020. N (Catch) = 612, n (Sample) = 155.



Trends in relative abundance by size group for Carangoides coeruleopinnatus (ID #72, Carangidae) in WPP !



The percentages of Carangoides coeruleopinnatus (ID #72, Carangidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 612, n (Sample) = 155

Immature (< 31cm): 0%

Small mature (>= 31cm, < 40cm): 0%

Large mature (>= 40cm): 0%

Mega spawner (≥ 44 cm): 0% (subset of large mature fish)

The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high.

Between 30% and 50% of the fish in the catch are immature and have not had a chance to reproduce before capture. The fishery is in immediate danger of overfishing through overharvesting of juveniles, if fishing pressure is high. Catching small and immature fish needs to be actively avoided and a limit on overall fishing pressure is warranted. Risk level is high.

The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

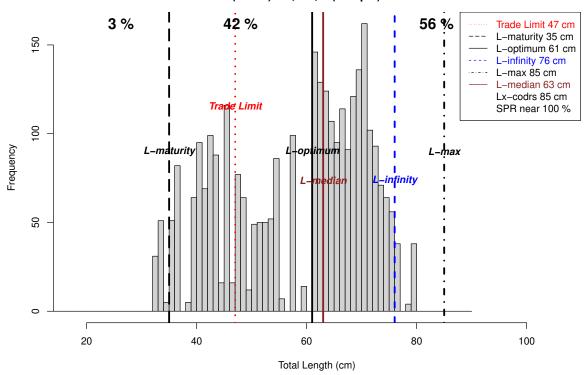
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

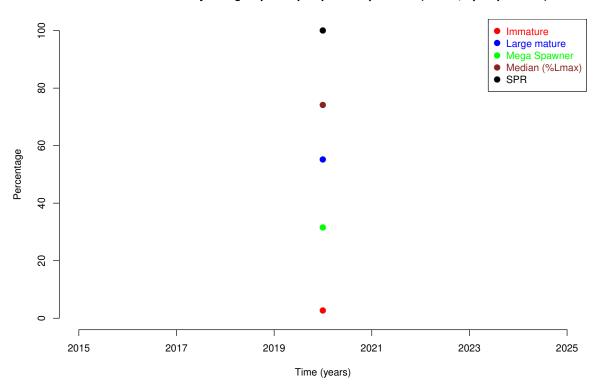
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Carangoides coerule opinnatus (ID #72, Carangidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.

Catch length frequency for Epinephelus epistictus (ID #55, Epinephelidae) in WPP 571 in 2020. N (Catch) = 3,039, n (Sample) = 298.



Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus epistictus (ID #55, Epinephelidae) in WPP 571



The percentages of Epinephelus epistictus (ID #55, Epinephelidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 3,039, n (Sample) = 298

Immature (< 35cm): 3%

Small mature (>= 35cm, < 61cm): 42%

Large mature (>= 61cm): 56%

Mega spawner (>= 67.1cm): 32% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: near 100 %

The trade limit is significantly higher than length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once. The trade does not cause any concern of recruitment overfishing for this species. Risk level is low.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

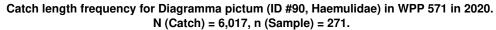
The majority of the catch consists of size classes around or above the optimum harvest size. This means that the impact of the fishery is minimized for this species. Potentially higher yields of this species could be achieved by catching them at somewhat smaller size, although capture of smaller specimen may take place already in other fisheries. Risk level is low.

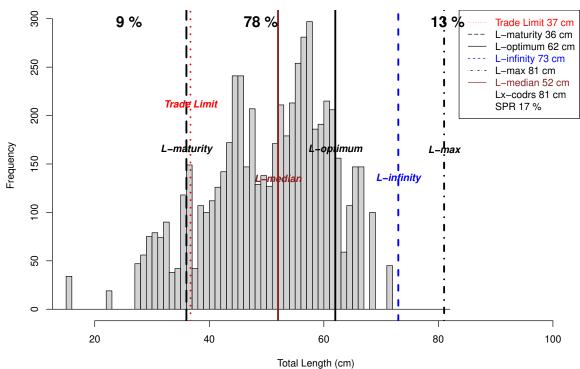
More than 30% of the catch consists of mega spawners which indicates that this fish population is in good health unless large amounts of much smaller fish from the same population are caught by other fisheries. Risk level is low.

SPR is more than 40%. The stock is probably not over exploited, and the risk that the fishery will cause further stock decline is small. Risk level is low.

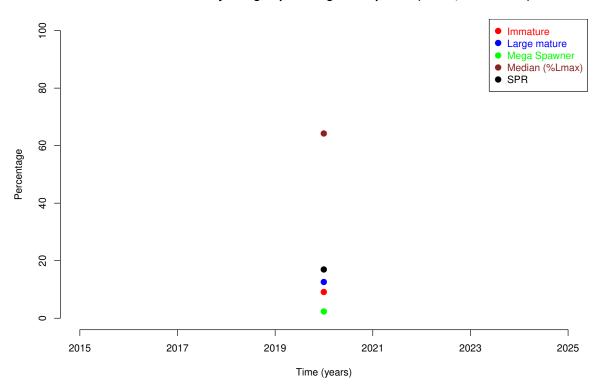
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Epinephelus epistictus (ID #55, Epinephelidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Diagramma pictum (ID #90, Haemulidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Diagramma pictum (ID #90, Haemulidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 6,017, n (Sample) = 271

Immature (< 36cm): 9%

Small mature (>= 36 cm, < 62 cm): 78%

Large mature (>= 62cm): 13%

Mega spawner (>= 68.2cm): 2% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 17 %

The trade limit is about the same as the length at first maturity. This means that the trade puts a premium on fish that have spawned at least once, which improves sustainability of the fishery. Risk level is medium.

At least 90% of the fish in the catch are mature specimens that have spawned at least once before they were caught. The fishery does not depend on immature size classes for this species and is considered safe for this indicator. This fishery will not be causing overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles for this species. Risk level is low.

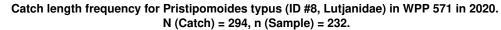
The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

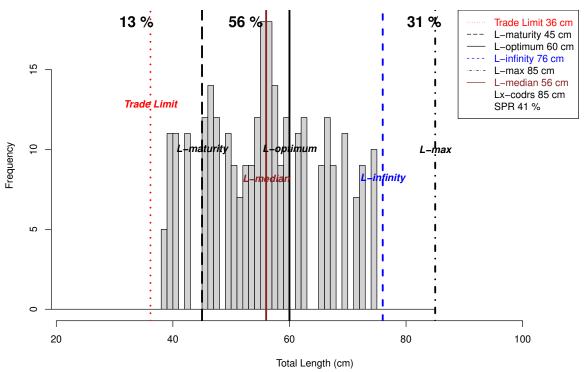
Less than 20% of the catch comprises of mega spawners. This indicates that the population may be severely affected by the fishery, and that there is a substantial risk of recruitment overfishing through over harvesting of the mega spawners, unless large numbers of mega spawners would be surviving at other habitats. There is no reason to assume that this is the case and therefore a reduction of fishing effort may be necessary in this fishery. Risk level is high.

SPR is less than 25%. The fishery probably over-exploits the stock, and there is a substantial risk that the fishery will cause severe decline of the stock if fishing effort is not reduced. Risk level is high.

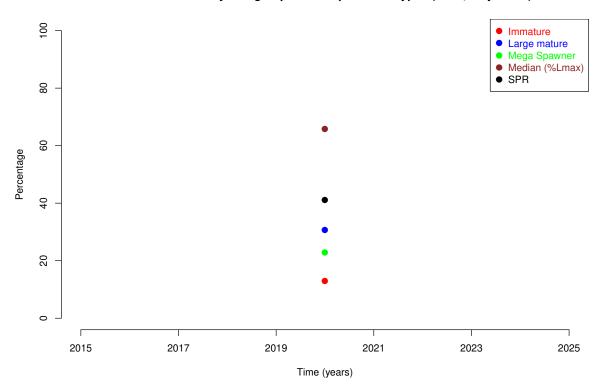
Trends in relative abundance by size group for Diagramma pictum (ID #90, Haemulidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.





Trends in relative abundance by size group for Pristipomoides typus (ID #8, Lutjanidae) in WPP 571.



The percentages of Pristipomoides typus (ID #8, Lutjanidae) in 2020.

N (Catch) = 294, n (Sample) = 232

Immature (< 45cm): 13%

Small mature (>= 45cm, < 60cm): 56%

Large mature (>= 60cm): 31%

Mega spawner (>= 66cm): 23% (subset of large mature fish)

Spawning Potential Ratio: 41 %

The trade limit is significantly lower than the length at first maturity. This means that the trade encourages capture of immature fish, which impairs sustainability. Risk level is high.

Between 10% and 20% of the fish in the catch are juveniles that have not yet reproduced. There is no immediate concern in terms of overfishing through over harvesting of juveniles, but the fishery needs to be monitored closely for any further increase in this indicator and incentives need to be geared towards targeting larger fish. Risk level is medium.

The vast majority of the fish in the catch have not yet achieved their growth potential. The harvest of small fish promotes growth overfishing and the size distribution for this species indicates that over exploitation through growth overfishing may already be happening. Risk level is high.

The percentage of mega spawners is between 20 and 30%. There is no immediate reason for concern, though fishing pressure may be significantly reducing the percentage of mega-spawners, which may negatively affect the reproductive output of this population. Risk level is medium.

SPR is more than 40%. The stock is probably not over exploited, and the risk that the fishery will cause further stock decline is small. Risk level is low.

Trends in relative abundance by size group for Pristipomoides typus (ID #8, Lutjanidae), as calculated from linear regressions. The P value indicates the chance that this calculated trend is merely a result of stochastic variance.

- % Immature trend not available.
- % Large Mature trend not available.
- % Mega Spawner trend not available.
- % SPR trend not available.

Table 4.1: Values of indicators in length-based assessments for the top 50 most abundant species by total CODRS samples in WPP 571 in 2020.

Rank	#ID	Species	Trade Limit	Immature	Exploitation	Mega Spawn	SPR
			Prop. Lmat	%	%	%	%
1	50	Epinephelus coioides	0.96	22	98	0	5
2	45	Epinephelus areolatus	1.31	2	92	2	15
3	46	Epinephelus bleekeri	0.83	13	99	0	8
4	27	Lutjanus vitta	1.20	6	95	1	10
5	7	Pristipomoides multidens	0.71	28	80	6	18
6	91	Pomadasys kaakan	0.92	1	97	1	9
7	80	Caranx sexfasciatus	1.24	3	32	49	58
8	24	Lutjanus johnii	0.59	28	90	3	8
9	25	Lutjanus russelli	1.02	15	93	1	10
10	98	Rachycentron canadum	0.96	22	99	0	3
11	39	Cephalopholis sonnerati	1.03	0	72	10	35
12	63	Lethrinus lentjan	1.05	0	63	15	near 100
13	17	Lutjanus malabaricus	0.66	41	95	1	6
16	15	Lutjanus argentimaculatus	0.62	39	95	2	8
17	72	Carangoides coeruleopinnatus		unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown
18	55	Epinephelus epistictus	1.34	3	44	32	near 100
19	90	Diagramma pictum	1.02	9	87	2	17
21	8	Pristipomoides typus	0.80	13	69	23	41

Table 4.2: Risk levels in the fisheries for the top 50 most abundant species by total CODRS samples in WPP 571 in 2020.

Rank	#ID	Species	Trade Limit	Immature	Exploitation	Mega Spawn	SPR
1	50	Epinephelus coioides	medium	medium	high	high	high
2	45	Epinephelus areolatus	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}	high	high	high
3	46	Epinephelus bleekeri	high	\mathbf{medium}	high	high	high
4	27	Lutjanus vitta	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}	high	high	high
5	7	Pristipomoides multidens	high	\mathbf{medium}	high	high	high
6	91	Pomadasys kaakan	\mathbf{medium}	\mathbf{low}	high	high	high
7	80	Caranx sexfasciatus	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}
8	24	Lutjanus johnii	high	\mathbf{medium}	high	high	high
9	25	Lutjanus russelli	\mathbf{medium}	\mathbf{medium}	high	high	high
10	98	Rachycentron canadum	\mathbf{medium}	\mathbf{medium}	high	high	high
11	39	Cephalopholis sonnerati	\mathbf{medium}	\mathbf{low}	high	high	\mathbf{medium}
12	63	Lethrinus lentjan	\mathbf{medium}	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{medium}	high	\mathbf{low}
13	17	Lutjanus malabaricus	high	high	high	high	high
16	15	Lutjanus argentimaculatus	high	high	high	high	high
17	72	Carangoides coeruleopinnatus	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown
18	55	Epinephelus epistictus	low	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}	\mathbf{low}
19	90	Diagramma pictum	\mathbf{medium}	\mathbf{low}	high	high	high
21	8	Pristipomoides typus	high	\mathbf{medium}	high	\mathbf{medium}	\mathbf{low}

Table 4.3: Trends during recent years for SPR and relative abundance by size group for the top 50 most abundant species by total CODRS samples in WPP 571.

Rank	#ID	Species	% Immature	% Large Mature	% Mega Spawner	% SPR
1	50	Epinephelus coioides	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown
2	45	Epinephelus areolatus	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown
3	46	Epinephelus bleekeri	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
4	27	Lutjanus vitta	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
5	7	Pristipomoides multidens	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown
6	91	Pomadasys kaakan	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
7	80	Caranx sexfasciatus	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
8	24	Lutjanus johnii	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
9	25	Lutjanus russelli	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
10	98	Rachycentron canadum	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
11	39	Cephalopholis sonnerati	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
12	63	Lethrinus lentjan	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
13	17	Lutjanus malabaricus	unknown	unknown	unknown	unknown
16	15	Lutjanus argentimaculatus	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
17	72	Carangoides coeruleopinnatus	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
18	55	Epinephelus epistictus	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	${\bf unknown}$	unknown
19	90	Diagramma pictum	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	unknown	unknown
21	8	Pristipomoides typus	unknown	${\bf unknown}$	${\bf unknown}$	unknown

5 Discussion and conclusions

Mixed fishing with traps and bottom long lines for snappers, groupers, emperors and grunts in WPP 571 occurs on shelf areas throughout the Malacca Strait. Preferred trap and bottom long line fishing grounds have a relatively flat bottom profile at depths ranging from 50 to 150 meters. Some drop line fishing for the same general species spectrum occurs around deep reefs in the Malacca Strait, and on the slopes dropping into the southern Andaman Sea, mainly at depths between 50 and 350 meters. Snappers, groupers, emperors and grunts in WPP 571 are sometimes also targeted with deep set bottom gillnets, but mostly in "mixed gear" fisheries, which operate traps, simultaneously with hook and line gear.

The deep water trap and hook and line fisheries for snappers, groupers and emperors are fairly clean fisheries when it comes to the species spectrum in the catch, even though they are much more species-rich then is sometimes assumed, also within the snapper category. There is some by-catch of small sharks, rays, trevallies and other species (Table 5.7 and 5.8), which are not discarded but also sold, into separate supply lines. The catch of snappers, groupers and emperors usually goes to traders supplying middle and higher end local and export markets for those specific species groups.

Drop line fisheries are characterized by a very low impact on habitat at the fishing grounds, whereas some more (but still limited) impact from entanglement can be expected from traps and bottom long lines. No major impact is evident from either one of the two demersal hook and line fisheries, certainly nothing near what is caused for example by destructive dragging gear. However, due to limited available habitat (fishing grounds) and predictable locations of fish concentrations, combined with a very high fishing effort on the best known fishing grounds, as well as the targeting of juveniles, there is a very high potential for overfishing in the demersal fisheries for snappers groupers and emperors.

Risks of overfishing is high for all the major grouper and snapper species which are commonly targeted in WPP 571 (Table 4.1 and Table 4.2), and SPR is dangerously low (Table 5.1) especially for those species which are easily caught with traps and hook and line gears. Spawning and feeding aggregations are at predictable and well known locations, leaving groupers and snappers highly vulnerable to the deep demersal fisheries. Fishing mortality (from all gear types combined) for all major target species of groupers and snappers seems to be unacceptably high while the catches of these species include large percentages of relatively small and immature specimen. For many target species, sizes are consistently targeted and landed well below the size where these fish reach maturity. Large specimen of the major target species are already becoming extremely rare on the main fishing grounds.

Fishing effort and fishing mortality have been far too high in recent years in WPP 571 and this situation does currently not seem to be improving. Time trends for the top 10 target species (ranked by abundance) show either decline or lack of improvement in the depleted stocks, judging from size based indicators (Table 4.3). Those trends in length based indicators can also be compared with trends in CpUE by gear types and boat size category (Tables 5.2 to 5.6), although fishing at aggregating sites (including bottom FADs) may be masking some of the direct effect on CpUE. We do see that for many fleet segments the CpUE is lower in WPP 571 than in some of the Eastern Indonesian fisheries management areas, which may be part of the reason that many long line vessels from Sumatra fish all the way in the East.

Overall we are currently looking mainly at a high risk of overfishing for all major species in WPP 571, combined with a worrisome trend of deterioration in their stocks, based on the size based stock assessments. The groupers seem to be somewhat less vulnerable to the deep demersal fisheries than the snappers. This may be because most groupers are staying closer to high rugosity bottom habitat, which is avoided by trap and long line vessels due to risk of entanglement, while drop line fishers are targeting schooling snappers that are hovering higher in the water column, above the grouper habitat.

Fishing mortality (from deep demersal fisheries) in large mature groupers may be somewhat lower than what we see for the snappers. Groupers generally mature as females at a size relative to their maximum size which is lower than for snappers. This strategy enables them to reproduce before they are being caught, although fecundity is still relatively low at sizes below the optimum length. Fecundity for the population as a whole peaks at the optimum size for each species, and this is also the size around which sex change from females to males happens in groupers.

For those grouper species which spend all or most of their life cycle in deep water habitats, the relatively low vulnerability to the deep slope hook and line fisheries is very good news. For other grouper species which spend major parts of their life cycle in shallower habitats, like coral reefs or mangroves or estuaries for example, the reality is that their populations in general are not in good shape due to excessive fishing pressure by small scale fisheries in those shallower habitats. This situation is also evident for a few snapper species such as for example the mangrove jack.

Overall there is a clear scope for some straightforward fisheries improvements supported by relatively uncomplicated fisheries management policies and regulations. Our first recommendation for industry-led fisheries improvements is for traders to adjust trading limits (incentives to fishers) species by species to the length at maturity for each species. For a number of important species the trade limits need adjustments upwards, with government support through regulations on minimum allowable sizes. Many of the target species in the deep demersal fisheries are traded at sizes that are too small, and this impairs sustainability. The impact is clearly visible already in landed catches.

Adjustment upwards of trading limits towards the size at first maturity would be a straightforward improvement in these fisheries. By refusing undersized fish in high value supply lines, the market can provide incentives for captains of fishing boats to target larger specimen. The captains can certainly do this by using their day to day experiences, selecting locations, fishing depths, habitat types, hook sizes, etc. Literature shows that habitat separation between size groups is evident for many species, while size selectivity of specific hook sizes is obvious. Captains know about this from experience.

Besides size selectivity, fishing effort is a very important factor in resulting overall catch and size frequency of the catch. All major target species show a rapid decline in numbers above the size where the species becomes most vulnerable to the fisheries. This rapid decline in numbers, as visible in the LFD graphs, indicates a high fishing mortality for the vulnerable size classes. Fishing effort is probably too high to be sustainable and many species seem to be at risk in the deep demersal fisheries, judging from a number of indicators as presented in this report. At present these fisheries show clear signs of over-exploitation in WPP 571.

One urgently needed fisheries management intervention is to cap fishing effort (number of boats) at current level and to start looking at incentives for effort reductions. A reduction of effort will need to be supported and implemented by government to ensure an even playing field among fishing companies. An improved licensing system and an effort control system based on the Indonesia's mandatory Vessel Monitoring System, using more accurate data on Gross Tonnage for all fishing boats, could be used to better manage fishing effort. Continuous monitoring of trends in the various presented indicators will show in which direction these fisheries are heading and what the effects are of any fisheries management measures in future years.

Government policies and regulations are needed and can be formulated to support fishers and traders with the implementation of improvements across the sector. Our recommendations for supporting government policies in relation to the deep demersal fisheries include:

- Use scientific (Latin) fish names in fisheries management and in trade.
- Incorporate length-based assessments in management of specific fisheries.
- Develop species-specific length based regulations for these fisheries.
- Implement a controlled access management system for regulation of fishing effort on specific fishing grounds.
- Increase public awareness on unknown species and preferred size classes by species.
- Incorporate traceability systems in fleet management by fisheries and by fishing ground.

Recommendations for specific regulations may include:

- Make mandatory correct display of scientific name (correct labeling) of all traded fish (besides market name).
- Adopt legal minimum sizes for specific or even all traded species, at the length at maturity for each species.
- Make mandatory for each fishing vessel of all sizes to carry a simple GPS tracking device that needs to be functioning at all times. Indonesia already has a mandatory Vessel Monitoring System for vessels larger than 30 GT, so Indonesia could consider expanding this requirement to fishing vessels of smaller sizes.
- Cap fishing effort in the snapper fisheries at the current level and explore options to reduce effort to more sustainable levels.

Table 5.1: SPR values over the period 2016 to 2024 for the top 20 most abundant species in CODRS samples in WPP 571, based on total catch LFD analysis, for all gear types combined and adjusted for relative effort by gear type.

Rank	Species	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1	Epinephelus coioides	NA	NA	NA	4	5	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	Epinephelus areolatus	NA	NA	NA	18	15	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	Epinephelus bleekeri	NA	NA	NA	9	7	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	Lutjanus vitta	NA	NA	NA	NA	10	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Pristipomoides multidens	NA	NA	NA	16	19	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	Pomadasys kaakan	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	NA	NA	NA	NA
7	Caranx sexfasciatus	NA	NA	NA	34	62	NA	NA	NA	NA
8	Lutjanus johnii	NA	NA	NA	NA	8	NA	NA	NA	NA
9	Lutjanus russelli	NA	NA	NA	NA	10	NA	NA	NA	NA
10	Rachycentron canadum	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	NA	NA	NA	NA
11	Cephalopholis sonnerati	NA	NA	NA	44	31	NA	NA	NA	NA
12	Lethrinus lentjan	NA	NA	NA	NA	100	NA	NA	NA	NA
13	Lutjanus malabaricus	NA	NA	NA	NA	6	NA	NA	NA	NA
14	Pinjalo pinjalo	NA								
15	Caranx ignobilis	NA								
16	Lutjanus argentimaculatus	NA	NA	NA	NA	8	NA	NA	NA	NA
17	Carangoides coeruleopinnatus	NA								
18	Epinephelus epistictus	NA	NA	NA	NA	100	NA	NA	NA	NA
19	Diagramma pictum	NA	NA	NA	NA	17	NA	NA	NA	NA
20	Carangoides chrysophrys	NA								

Table 5.2: CpUE (kg/GT/day) trends by fleet segment for Epinephelus coioides in WPP 571

CpUE	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Nano Dropline	NA	NA	NA	3.1	5.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nano Longline	NA	NA	NA	8.9	4.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Dropline	NA	NA	NA	1.1	2.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Longline	NA	NA	NA	8.9	1.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Medium Dropline	NA								
Medium Longline	NA	NA	NA	8.9	7.7	NA	NA	NA	NA
Large Dropline	NA								
Large Longline	NA								

Table 5.3: CpUE (kg/GT/day) trends by fleet segment for Pristipomoides multidens in WPP 571

CpUE	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Nano Dropline	NA	NA	NA	0.4	6.8	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nano Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.3	0.1	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Dropline	NA	NA	NA	1.9	2.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.3	0.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Medium Dropline	NA								
Medium Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.3	1.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Large Dropline	NA								
Large Longline	NA								

Table 5.4: CpUE (kg/GT/day) trends by fleet segment for Epinephelus bleekeri in WPP 571

CpUE	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Nano Dropline	NA	NA	NA	0.1	2.2	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nano Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.5	0.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Dropline	NA	NA	NA	0.4	0.8	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.5	0.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
Medium Dropline	NA								
Medium Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.5	0.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
Large Dropline	NA								
Large Longline	NA								

Table 5.5: CpUE (kg/GT/day) trends by fleet segment for Pomadasys kaakan in WPP 571

CpUE	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Nano Dropline	NA								
Nano Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.0	3.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Dropline	NA	NA	NA	0.1	0.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.0	2.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
Medium Dropline	NA								
Medium Longline	NA	NA	NA	0.0	0.8	NA	NA	NA	NA
Large Dropline	NA								
Large Longline	NA								

Table 5.6: CpUE (kg/GT/day) trends by fleet segment for all species in WPP 571

CpUE	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Nano Dropline	NA	NA	NA	44.3	19.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nano Longline	NA	NA	NA	11.8	13.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Dropline	NA	NA	NA	7.7	9.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
Small Longline	NA	NA	NA	11.8	9.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Medium Dropline	NA								
Medium Longline	NA	NA	NA	11.8	13.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Large Dropline	NA								
Large Longline	NA								

Table 5.7: Sample sizes over the period 2016 to 2024 for the others species in WPP 571 Dropline

Family Name	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	%Sample
Acanthuridae	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	6	0.005
Ariidae	0	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	8	0.007
Ariommatidae	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	8	0.007
Balistidae	0	0	0	6	15	0	0	0	0	21	0.018
Caesionidae	0	0	0	8	39	0	0	0	0	47	0.041
Carangidae	0	0	0	54	680	0	0	0	0	734	0.639
Chaetodontidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Clupeidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Coryphaenidae	0	0	0	2	142	0	0	0	0	144	0.125
Cynoglossidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Dasyatidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Elopidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Ephippidae	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	7	0.006
Epinephelidae	0	0	0	4	18	0	0	0	0	22	0.019
Haemulidae	0	0	0	17	6	0	0	0	0	23	0.020
Hemiramphidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Holocentridae	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	39	0.034
Istiophoridae	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.001
Labridae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Lethrinidae	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.001
Lobotidae	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	8	0.007
Lutjanidae	0	0	0	6	8	0	0	0	0	14	0.012
Malacanthidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Mugilidae	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.001
Mullidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Muraenesocidae	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.002
Nemipteridae	0	0	0	51	4	0	0	0	0	55	0.048
Other	0	0	0	26	10	0	0	0	0	36	0.031
Priacanthidae	0	0	0	12	11	0	0	0	0	23	0.020
Rachycentridae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Rays	0	0	0	5	9	0	0	0	0	14	0.012
Scaridae	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.003
Scombridae	0	0	0	2	46	0	0	0	0	48	0.042
Sharks	0	0	0	14	6	0	0	0	0	20	0.017
Siganidae	0	0	0	17	35	0	0	0	0	52	0.045
Sphyraenidae	0	0	0	5	15	0	0	0	0	20	0.017
Terapontidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Tetraodontidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Trichiuridae	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.001
Total	0	0	0	237	1121	0	0	0	0	1358	1.181

Table 5.8: Sample sizes over the period 2016 to 2024 for the others species in WPP 571 Longline

Family Name	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total	%Sample
Acanthuridae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Ariidae	0	0	0	170	947	0	0	0	0	1117	0.972
Ariommatidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Balistidae	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.002
Caesionidae	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	6	0.005
Carangidae	0	0	0	68	87	0	0	0	0	155	0.135
Chaetodontidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Clupeidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Coryphaenidae	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.002
Cynoglossidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Dasyatidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Elopidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Ephippidae	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.003
Epinephelidae	0	0	0	7	24	0	0	0	0	31	0.027
Haemulidae	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.003
Hemiramphidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Holocentridae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Istiophoridae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Labridae	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.001
Lethrinidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Lobotidae	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	5	0.004
Lutjanidae	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	12	0.010
Malacanthidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Mugilidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Mullidae	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	5	0.004
Muraenesocidae	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	0.003
Nemipteridae	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	30	0.026
Other	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	18	0.016
Priacanthidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Rachycentridae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Rays	0	0	0	15	381	0	0	0	0	396	0.345
Scaridae	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.001
Scombridae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Sharks	0	0	0	16	190	0	0	0	0	206	0.179
Siganidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Sphyraenidae	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	35	0.030
Terapontidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Tetraodontidae	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000
Trichiuridae	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.001
Total	0	0	0	276	1757	0	0	0	0	2033	1.769

6 References

Australian Surveying & Land Information Group (AUSLIG), 1996. Commonwealth Department of Industry Science and Resources. MAP 96/523.21.1.

Ehrhardt, N.M. and Ault, J.S. 1992. Analysis of two length-based mortality models applied to bounded catch length frequencies. Trans. Am. Fish. Soc. 121:115-122.

Froese, R. 2004. Keep it simple: three indicators to deal with overfishing. Fish and Fisheries 5: 86-91.

Froese, R. and Binohlan C. 2000. Empirical relationships to estimate asymptotic length, length at first maturity and length at maximum yield per recruit in fishes, with a simple method to evaluate length frequency data. J. Fish Biol. 56:758-773.

Froese, R. and D. Pauly, (eds.) 2000. FishBase 2000: concepts, design and data sources. ICLARM, Los Baños, Laguna, Philippines. 344 p.

Froese, R., Winker, H., Gascuel, D., Sumaila, U.R. and Pauly, D. 2016. Minimizing the impact of fishing. Fish and Fisheries DOI: 10.1111/faf.12146.

Fujita, R., Karr, K., Apel, A. and Mateo, I. 2012. Guide to the use of Froese sustainability indicators to assess and manage data-limited fish stocks. Oceans Program, Environmental Defense Fund, Research and Development Team.

Gislason, H., Daan, N., Rice, J.C. and J.G. Pope, 2010. Size, growth, temperature and the natural mortality of marine fish. Fish and Fisheries, 11: 149 Ū158.

Martinez-Andrade F., 2003. A comparison of life histories and ecological aspects among snappers (Pisces: lutjanidae). Dissertation http://etd.lsu.edu/docs/available/etd-1113103-230518/unrestricted/Martinez-Andrade dis.pdf

Meester G.A., Ault J.S., Smith S.G., Mehrotra A. 2001. An integrated simulation modeling and operations research approach to spatial management decision making. Sarsia 86:543-558.

Prescott, V., 2000. East Timor's Potential Maritime Boundaries. East Timor and its Maritime Dimensions: Legal and Policy Implications for Australia, Australian Institute of International Affairs, Canberra.

Quinn, T.J. and Deriso R.B. 1999. Quantitative Fish Dynamics. New York: Oxford University Press.

Vasilakopoulos, P., O'Neill, F. G. and Marshall, C. T. 2011. Misspent youth: does catching immature fish affect fisheries sustainability? - ICES Journal of Marine Science, 68: 1525-1534.

Wallace, R.K. and Fletcher, K.M. 2001. Understanding Fisheries Management: A Manual for understanding the Federal Fisheries Management Process, Including Analysis of the 1996 Sustainable Fisheries Act. Second Edition. Auburn University and the University of Mississippi. 62 pp.

Zhang, C.I., Kim, S., Gunderson, D., Marasco, R., Lee, J.B., Park, H.W. and Lee, J.H. 2009. An ecosystem-based fisheries assessment approach for Korean fisheries. Fisheries Research 100: 26-41.